Morning Oregonian

VOL. XV.—NO. 194. PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Another Town on the Texas Coast Destroyed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—A private dispatch received from Galveston states that a Morgan steamship has just arrived there, and reports the town of Indianola a seaport, almost entirely destroyed. Lighthouse, wharves, and nearly every house have been swept away, and a hundred to a hundred and fifty lives lost. The steamer could find no place to land her cargo.

Destruction of Indianola.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—The Galveston steamship *Harlan* has just arrived. The purser states that the town of Indianola is almost entirely destroyed—lighthouse, wharves, business houses and dwellings broken in pieces or swept away. There are only three houses remaining which are not deluged. The telegraph office is gone, signal office damaged, telegraph lines down for miles, railroads washed away, houses, fences and trees piled up in broken masses in the streets. Reports of loss of life are conflicting. All agree there were 100 to 150 lives lost. The purser states that on account of the excitement it was impossible to obtain the correct number. The steamship returned with her cargo of goods, as there was no place where she could land.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—Col. Clowry, assistant general superintendent of telegraph received the following from Galveston: Additional accounts of the Indianola disaster say the loss of life and suffering are terrible. Dead bodies are strewn for twenty miles along the beach. Citizens here are organizing for relief and will send them food and clothing. Over one hundred bodies were found and buried up to the time the steamer left. Telegraph Manager Sanborn is reported safe, but the office and lines are gone for miles.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—The Galveston *News* has received the following from Indianola: We are destitute; the town is gone. One quarter of the people are dead. Bodies are strewn for 20 miles along the bay. Nine-tenths of the houses are destroyed. Send us help, for God's sake!

(Signed) D. W. CRAIN, Dist. Att'y.

Following is received by business firms from correspondents: On the 15th wind from the east veering to the north. On Friday morning it became more steady, increasing to a gale. The water was waist deep; every man, women and child were seeking a place of safety. Screams of women and children could be heard in every direction. The water was six feet deep in the streets. About two o'clock Friday morning the wind veered to the northwest, the waves became chopped and houses were washed away or tumbled to pieces. The wind toward morning came to a lull. The waves were getting lower till the wind veered north. There came up hope until daylight broke, and then did we behold awful destruction around, and thanked God that we had been saved. Our perilous condition was nothing compared with the sufferings of our neighbors and citizens along the bay. Daylight revealed a scene that was terrible to behold. The town could not be recognized as the Indianola of the day previous. Total ruin was everywhere. People were seen walking and jumping over one gulley and another. Neighbor met neighbor and told their troubles and tribulations of the previous night. Death and destruction was all around us. Houses were crushed to the ground; others swayed round leaning over. The wind slowly dying down and the water disappearing from places in the streets, bodies of men, women and children were found in all directions. Police and guards were organized, and the search was made for missing relatives and friends. How many have lost their lives in this fearful storm it is impossible to learn. Up to this hour sixty or seventy bodies have been found and buried. Women were found, and men also, who had floated off on doors grasping they could get, miles away. Some, beside their doors, were carried away long distances. The escape of so many is almost miraculous. Search for bodies is still going on, and the number of human beings drowned will never be known, as there were large numbers of strangers in town. We estimate the number of lives lost at 150.

Towns in Texas Washed Away.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—Later information from the coast says the town of Matagorda was swept away, only two houses being left standing.

The Whole Population of Cedar Lake Lost.

The town of Cedar Lake has been washed away, and all the people lost. Information received from Bay City states that the suffering among the people is terrible. Forty-eight human beings only are known to be alive.

More of the Texas Floods.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—Information comes from Corpus Christi that the town is safe; it escaped the heavy gale. The town of Saluria was entirely washed away, and the telegraph lines were prostrated for miles. The citizens of Galveston are organizing for the relief of the survivors at Indianola.

Insurance Conventions—Second Day.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The convention of insurance commissioners and superintendents resumed to-day, President Chapman in the chair. Commissioner Smith, of Kentucky, made a partial report from the committee on legislation, but was interrupted in the middle of it by a resolution that its further reading be discontinued, as the commissioners had already heard it. On motion the report was recommitted to the committee. Commissioner Rowe then offered the following resolution, which was laid on the table by a unanimous vote:

Resolved, As the sense of this convention that the present practice of life and fire insurance in loaning money on the stock of other life and fire insurance companies as a collateral, is erroneous and should be abandoned.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Rhodes, was also laid on the table:

Resolved, That the enactment of stringent building laws for the protection of our cities and towns is a matter of the first importance, and that it is the duty of the heads of insurance departments to urge upon the legislatures of their respective States the necessity for immediate action in this direction.

Various committees were then instructed to meet this afternoon, and the convention adjourned until noon to-morrow.

A National Railway Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—The committee appointed some days ago to arrange for holding a national railroad convention here Nov. 23d, held a meeting last evening to devise a general plan of operations and arrange preliminaries. After some general discussion a resolution was adopted authorizing the president of the meeting to issue an address setting forth the action and object of the people of St. Louis in calling a national railroad convention, and requesting the co-operation of governors of states and of the various commercial associations of the whole country, and asking them to send delegates. Committees were appointed to determine the rates of representation, transportation and finance. During the discussion of this matter attention was called to the fact that some journals abroad attempted to create an impression that the citizens of St. Louis, in inaugurating this move, were influenced by purely local and sectional interests. This was emphatically denied and it was distinctly stated that the wish was to make the convention national in character, and the co-operation of all business centres in the union was earnestly requested.

Council of Sachems.

CHEYENNE, Sept. 21.—The treaty council near Red Cloud held its first session on Saturday. After much wrangling amongst the Indians as to the locality where the council should be held, Gen. Terry, on the part of the commissioners, selected ground near Crow Butte, and the Indians were notified that this selection was final. Gen. Bradley, Col. Stanton, Capt. Mix and other officers arrived at Camp Robinson on Thursday, and Capt. Mills' company of the third cavalry was immediately ordered from Camp Sheridan to Red Cloud, so that the force at Red Cloud now consists of three companies of cavalry and four of infantry. Lieut. Vroom, with company L, third cavalry, was ordered to escort Col. Stanton to Spotted Tail and thence on his expedition into the northern Bad Lands.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Gold closed 116⅞@⅞; governments steady and little doing; stocks dull and steady; Western Union, ex div. 78; Quicksilver, 15¼; Pacific Mail, 36; W. F. 78; New York Central, 105⅞; Erie, 17¼; Panama, 132; Union Pacific 71; U. P. bonds, 103⅞; C. P. bonds.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Last of the Fishers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Chas. G. Fisher, late Asst. U. S. attorney, who was arrested last night charged with stealing the appeal bonds and papers in forty district cases which had been appealed from the police court to the criminal court, waived an examination this afternoon, and was held to answer before the grand jury now in session. The police have recovered not only papers charged to have been stolen, but an additional number of equal importance. Fisher had placed them in possession of another party, from whom they were obtained. The object was to realize money on them. The revised statute provides the penalty for such offenses shall be a fine of $12,000 or hard labor for three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. The accused is a son of Judge Fisher, late U. S. attorney for the District of Columbia.

Foreign Consuls for the Pacific Coast.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The president has recognized Valdiner Weteky, consul general of Russia, at San Francisco, and August Berggren, consul of Sweden and Norway, at San Francisco, for the states of California and Oregon, and the territories of Washington and Alaska.

Federal Appointments.

The president has appointed Amos L. Frost collector of internal revenue for the consolidated district known as the fourth district of California. He has also signed the commission of Alex. White, of Alabama, to be chief justice of Utah Territory.

Naval Notes.

Ensign Q. S. Plunkett, detached from the *Ossipee*, and ordered to duty in assisting Commander McCook in charge of a draft on the men to San Francisco, and on arrival there to report for temporary duty on board the receiving ship *Independence*.

Death of a Distinguished Sculptor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Intelligence is received in this city announcing the death of Horatio Stone, the distinguished sculptor, which occurred in Italy on the 11th inst.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Turkish Troubles.

KRAGUYEVATZ, Sept. 21.—The address adopted by the skuptchina, has been sent to Belgrade, the capitol, where it will be officially published. The full text is not yet known. There is only a draught submitted to the skuptchina, and this was adopted at the first sitting, the deputies voting against war, and leaving to the wisdom of the Prince of Milan and his government the decision of questions. Thirty-three were nominees of the government, and forty-four declared in favor and thirty eight against war. This, however, does not affect the result. The government now has its hands free, and it may be considered certain that Servia, for the present at least, will maintain neutrality.

The Bosnian Rebellion.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The *Times* this morning publishes a letter dated at Vienna, which contains some very interesting details of the insurrection in northern Bosnia and of the fugitives who have taken refuge in Austria. It says the cause of the sudden failure of the movement is attributed to the fact that the insurgents were not prepared, were without arms and ammunition, and that many villages remained passive. Two Austrian commissioners have been sent to ascertain from the refugees the causes of the insurrection. The latter states that the Turks fearing that the Herzegovinian insurrection would spread to Bosnia, arrested the elders of the villages, some of the most influential men, under the pretext that they were accomplices of brigands. Thirty were thus arrested in one village, and were only released upon payment of large sums. Upon threatened repetition of these outrages, the villagers fled to the mountains with their families and flocks, and prepared to resist. The rising assumed the character of retaliation up to a date as recent as the 18th of August, but the next day the insurgents fled, in consequence of the mass of immigration which had set in. The fugitives disclaimed any connection with the Herzegovinian insurgents, and declared they never should have thought of rising, if they had not been provoked.

Carlists in France.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—It is stated the Carlist general, Saballos, with his two sons and several Carlist leaders, have entered France.

A Family Quarrel.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The *Globe*, this evening, regrets to learn, that the disadvantage offered by the British in the Newfoundland fisheries, as compared with French, have in no wise been abandoned the present season. Officers of the French cruisers, protecting French interests, have assumed a very high tone, asserting their rights thereabout.

Not Quite so Many.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—It now seems that only 800 Carlists entered France and the Cavadari valley.

Heavy Reinforcements for Cuba.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—Reinforcements to the number of 18,000 will go to Cuba by the 15th of November next.

Spain and the Pope.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—It is stated that the government has determined to pursue the energetic course with regard to the circular of the papal nuncio, and will fully maintain the royal prerogative in the premises.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—A Madrid telegram states that the papal nuncio asked for the exhibition of legal proceedings against bishops, in virtue of the provisions of the concordat.

Spanish Politics.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—The *Gazette* will to-morrow publish the ministerial circular to the prefects, urging conciliation on all liberal monarchists. The date of the elections for the Cortes is not yet fixed. Gen. Esteban is dead.

Gone to Rome.

A dispatch from Berlin announces that the bishop of Munster, against whom proceedings for deposition from his see are pending, has gone to Rome.

Death of a Member of Parliament.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—John Vance, member of parliament for Armagh City, is dead.

Specie for New York.

The steamer *Mosel*, which sailed from Southampton to-day for New York, took £40,000 specie.

A Free Press in Europe.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—The municipal court of Berlin sentenced the editor of the *German*, an ultramontane journal, to five months' imprisonment, for having published an article insulting to the chancellor and inciting disobedience of the laws.

Notable Death.

MUNICH, Sept. 21.—Prince Adelbert, uncle of the king of Bavaria, is dead.

Postal Communication Through France.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The French government has notified Switzerland that the provisions of the Berne postal union, relative to communication with Great Britain through France, may go into effect immediately. The French government will make, before the first of January next, the same concession respecting postal communication with America.

Settlement of the Khokand Insurrection.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—Advices from St. Petersburg announce that the Russian General Kauffmann occupied Khokand on the 10th of the present month without resistance. The greater portion of the Russian troops remained in the fortified camp outside. All the Russian prisoners have been delivered over to Gen. Kauffman, and the Khan has accepted all the conditions of peace.

CANADA.

Bank Suspension.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The Mechanics' Bank, of Montreal, has suspended.

The Mechanics' Bank Suspension.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The directors of the Mechanics' Bank have issued a statement saying that in consequence of the discovery of serious defalcations, which interrupted negotiations in progress for amalgamation with another bank, they deem it their duty, for the better protection of all interests, to suspend payment for the present till holders and depositors are fully protected, and the directors hope at an early day to make such an arrangement as will secure the best possible realization for shareholders.

LET THE ACCUSERS APPEAR.

PORTLAND, Sept. 21, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In the *Evening Journal* of to-day, a series of accusations are presented against me, charging sundry unlawful, fraudulent and corrupt transactions in my superintendence of the erection of the United States postoffice building. At this time I have only this reply to make, viz: Wm. G. Morris, as special agent of the treasury department, who is commissioned with authority to look after matters of this kind, will be in the city to-morrow, as I learn, and I call his special attention to these charges and demand an immediate and searching investigation. I understand that Mr. Morris is invested, by law, with authority to summon witnesses, to administer oaths, and to take testimony. The author, or authors, of these charges will therefore have an opportunity at once to come out from behind cover, and to state upon oath, before the public, all charges they have to present and the sources of their information. I call upon Mr. Morris to summon before him, without delay, the writer or writers upon the *Journal*, and all other persons who profess to have knowledge of matters contained in these charges, and to let the testimony, in its fullest details, go to the public through the press.

W. L. HIGGINS.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

The Newspaper Fight goes into Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—A new point of interest is about to be made in the journalistic war which has been going on here since the failure of the Bank of California. The *Alta* this morning printed an editorial charging the proprietors of the *Bulletin* and *Call* with having pursued the course they have followed during and since the late panic, with the object of affecting the stock market and creating a financial panic. As a consequence, the *Bulletin* and *Call* proprietors, through their attorney, John F. Swift, are now preparing and in a few days will file a complaint for libel against the *Alta*. It is expected that owing to the intimate connection between the newspaper fight and the financial complications, some very interesting developments will be made.

Marks goes to San Quentin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—At two o'clock today John J. Marks was taken from the county jail and conveyed to San Quentin to begin his seven years' term of imprisonment. Marks is said to have suffered much since the action of the supreme court was received by him, and doubts are entertained if he will survive his term of imprisonment.

Greenbacks unchanged.

The California State Fair.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 21.—Some two or three thousand people assembled at Agricultural Park this afternoon to witness stock parade. The procession extended entirely around the mile track and for some distance there was a double row of animals. There was a general expression of opinion that in whatever else the fair may not realize the fullest expectations, a finer exhibition of horses and cattle was never brought together. The horse stock includes 12 double teams, 38 single teams, and 134 horses led by grooms.

Divers Items.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 21.—Sky is cloudy this evening and indications of rain.

Building operations at Santa Monica have been so brisk that no lumber is left in the yards. Houses under way have to wait arrivals by sea.

The financial feeling in the community shows a return of confidence, banks clearing up business preparatory to full resumption.

FARMING ITEMS.

Twenty-five thousand pounds of wool were recently received at Corinne from Montana, for shipment to Boston. It had been hauled 200 miles.

The members of the order of Patrons of Husbandry are requested to meet on the 1st day of October at Union. A grand mass meeting of Patrons is desired. Hon. James Hendershott will act as marshal, and Mr. Slater will deliver an address.

Business prospects at Colfax, W. T., are improving. Wheat at the mill commands sixty cents a bushel, and farmers find a ready market at remunerating prices for whatever they have to sell. Several cattlemen have visited the neighborhood, and a good deal of money has been paid out for stock.

The attention of persons intending to exhibit articles at the forthcoming State Fair is called to the following importance notice: "Entrances can be made with E. M. Waite, Secretary, for six days before the commencement of the fair. No entry received after five o'clock P. M. Tuesday, October 12th, except as specially provided by the rules."

The counties of Walla Walla and Umatilla now number considerably over 200,000 head of sheep. The usual price paid for sheep in bands is $2 50 a head. Superior lots bring $3. Thus far raising sheep has paid better than any other branch of the stock business. The business, too, is yet in its infancy, and is destined to reach magnificent proportions.

The mammoth ox of Lost river is on his way to the Oregon State Fair, and attracts a great deal of notice. The Jacksonville *Sentinel* thinks he will weigh 5,000 pounds when made fat, but he has been reduced for travel and bring the scales down now at 4,600 pounds. He is 19 hands high and is probably the largest animal of his kind in the world.

The Walla Walla *Union* of the 18th, says: "Within the last few days times have brightened up a good deal, and money seems much more plentiful than it has been for some months. The large sales of wheat are bringing no small amount of money into circulation, and as but a small portion of our wheat has thus far been sold, we expect to see times quite "flush" in a few weeks. A large crop, and fifteen or twenty cents per bushel more than we got last year, makes a wonderful difference in the amount of circulating medium in this country."

The Olympia *Farmer* says: Some of the different surveying parties that have been sent to the field this year by the surveyor-general were assigned duty in the timber lands west of the mountains. Some of them found it pretty rough work, and probably half regretted having embarked in the enterprise of running exteriors and subdividing. On making their returns, it is found that large bodies of excellent land have been discovered in different localities that have hitherto been unknown, it being supposed generally that all not known was a howling wilderness, unfit for the habitation of man.

The Salem *Mercury* says the wharf at the Farmers' warehouse has been completed and turned over to the company by the contractor. It is a commodious and substantial structure, 160 feet in length and 46 feet wide, with a large bulkhead at the upper end filled with gravel to protect it from drift-wood. On the wharf is a freight shed, 90x40 feet, with a chute from the warehouse on the bank above, tunneled under the street, running into it. A good road has been graded down the bank and planked and railed in the most substantial manner, and everything is now in readiness to handle with ease and expedition the enormous quantities of wheat stored in the warehouse.

THE POPULATION OF BOSTON.

The Springfield *Republican* has been looking over the census figures and says:

"By the new census just completed and still subject to correction there are found to be just about three hundred and forty-two thousand inhabitants in the expanded limits of our metropolis, within which, in 1870, there were but 292,513. Here there is a gain, in five years, of nearly 50,000, or something less than seventeen per cent. while the gain in population in the whole state is about twenty per cent., and may slightly exceed that figure. Relatively, therefore, Boston has lost ground, if only the people within her borders are reckoned as the city population. Compared with the other ten cities of largest population in Massachusetts, she has lost ground, for Cambridge, Lowell, Worcester, Fall River, Lawrence, Lynn, Springfield, Salem, New Bedford, and Chelsea now exceed Boston in population, while in 1870 they just about equaled the above-named Boston population of 292,500. But for her recent annexations this loss would have been still more manifest, for Charlestown, Brighton and West Roxbury now add 51,500 to Boston's count, where there were, in 1870, less than 42,000, a gain of less than twenty-three per cent. The present population of what was called Boston in 1870 is, therefore, but little more than 290,000, and there the gain is less than sixteen per cent, while it has been nearly twenty per cent. in Worcester, about thirty per cent. in Cambridge, and more than seventy per cent. in Fall River. But if the whole region about Boston and tributary to that city is reckoned in, probably the gain there has been larger than in any other space of equal area in Massachusetts. It is probable that Boston now exceeds Baltimore in population, and is therefore the sixth city of the United States: those which exceed it being New York with 1,060,000 inhabitants, Philadelphia with almost 800,000, Brooklyn with 507,000, St. Louis with 450,000, and Chicago with 410,000. Baltimore may have 350,000, but probably does not exceed 340,00, while Boston has 342,000.

INDIAN FRAUDS.

The Sacramento *Record-Union*, one of the ablest papers on the coast and one of the most devoted Republican organs, has the following editorial article in its edition of Sept. 4th:

If the story which comes from Montana by way of Chicago, concerning a new class of Indian frauds, had related to any other department, its credibility would be small, but unfortunately the country is so accustomed to developments of this kind in connection with Indian affairs, that the tendency will be to accept it as being on the whole highly probable. The report is to the effect that for ten years the government has been paying out large sums for supplies to Indians who reside in British territory, and that at least half a million dollars have been placed where they would do the most good. The details given certainly render the statement extremely plausible, and to those who know how Indian affairs are commonly managed there will be nothing surprising in the allegation that the annual inspection of the posts should have failed to result in detection of the fraud. No doubt red tape has something to answer for in the premises. Certain tribes of Indians having once been assigned their official location, the tendency would be to go on furnishing their supplies with clock-work regularity, and the work of the ingenious agents who were quietly pocketing the proceeds would thus be greatly facilitated. It is, however, in order to inquire how it came to pass that upon the transfer of the agencies to the Quakers no discovery was made of the previous state of affairs. As a matter of course the absence of the Blackfeet and the Bloods could not have escaped the attention of the agents or the inspectors, and it is equally difficult to understand how the citizens of Montana could have been silent witnesses of this gigantic swindle for so many years. Such a consideration as the last, however, cannot invalidate the testimony, for it would be equally applicable to many other cases of Indian fraud in which the iniquity has been brought home to the perpetrators. What kind of a government has been exercised over the Indians is strongly illustrated by such revelations as this, and perhaps the full significance of it cannot be better exhibited than by supposing a similar kind of condition to be discovered in some other department. Suppose, for instance, it should be suddenly discovered that the navy department had for ten years been drawing appropriations for the maintenance of a vessel, which the whole of that time had been lying quietly at the bottom of the sea. Suppose that the country had been taxed to pay for a full crew and commission of officers, none of whom had any existence. The revelation of such a state of things would probably excite a good deal of indignation, and might result in the overthrow of the responsible administration. It would not, however, be a more flagrant case of corruption and abuse than is this matter of the Montana Indians, but the present case will at most prove a nine days' wonder, and judging from the past, the Indian affairs will continue to be mismanaged in the same shameless and flagitious way, and nobody will go to the penitentiary. It is circumstances such as this which tend to encourage peculation and fraud in public affairs. It is broadly advertised, all over our governmental system, that officials may perpetrate with impunity crimes which would be followed with certain penalties if committed in any other walk of life. How many millions of dollars Indian agents have robbed the country of from first to last, can never be estimated with precision, nor how much loss of life and destruction of property incurred through unjustifiable wars, brought on by these iniquities. But if the balance could be struck we are satisfied that the result would amaze the public, and would go far to convince them that there are questions involved even more vital than the protection of Indian tribes, and the fulfillment of national engagements with them. When the father of Frederic the Great caused the defaulting treasurer to be hanged in front of his office, though he was a noble, and though he proffered full restitution, he recognized a principle of conduct in public affairs which democracies have always been slow to appreciate, but which, nevertheless, is indispensably necessary to the preservation of purity in any community. When we inquire, as we are too frequently compelled to do, why it is that no change in our Indian department brings improvement or honesty, it would be well for us to remember that we have hitherto failed to show that honesty is considered at all needful in that department, and that we have permitted experience to demonstrate that it is a field wherein golden rewards may be reaped by the unscrupulous. We do not believe that any reform will be possible (unless the Indian affairs are handed over to the war department) until a score or so of thieving agents have been sent to the penitentiary for round terms. If we wish to test the utility or severity we have but to examine the various department records, and it will be found that precisely as a department has the reputation of prompt and stern procedure toward its delinquents, it is free from taint, while the laxer the general supervision the greater the proportion of fraud. It is certainly time that a change was made in this, and no better place for a beginning can be found than the Indian department. Let this Montana case be inquired into patiently and thoroughly. Not by a board of suspected politicians, as in the Red Cloud Agency case, but by a mixed commission of irreproachable character. Then, if the proofs bear out the allegations, let the swindling agents be tried, convicted, and sentenced heavily. If there is not back-bone enough in the government to adopt this course, the alternative will be between changing the administration, or submitting patiently to public robbery.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

HOW IT WORKS IN WYOMING—CHALLENGING THE VOTES OF LADIES.

The Denver *News* gives the following facts relating to the operations of female suffrage in Wyoming: The first notable point is that there are not women enough in the territory to make any particular difference in the state of government, though they were ever so active and wise. The population is estimated at 18,000, of which 2,000 are under the age of 21. This leaves 16,000 adults, of which 1,500 are women eligible as voters. This would leave 14,500—though in point of fact, it is very rare for all vote, so many being remote from the polls. Ten men to one woman is, however, the usual proportion.

The moral and social statistics are worthy of note. Cheyenne has 35 saloons and 45 prostitutes—known as such. Laramie has 20 prostitutes. This includes "beer jerkers" and variety girls of all trades. In Evanston, there are supposed to be 8 saloons and 12 prostitutes. Hilliard, Rawlins, Sweetwater, Fort Laramie, and other places average about the same in proportion to population; the summary being that the whole territory contains at least 100 saloons and 300 prostitutes. This gives of the last class one-fifth of the female voters, and one saloon to 180 inhabitants. This does not seem to indicate that woman suffrage has tended in any great degree to abolish either of the "social evils."

But the most interesting facts are in regard to ladies as jurors. Good and evil are strangely mingled in the new territories, and Wyoming contains a large proportion of intelligent and eminently religious and good women; it was hoped, therefore, that great good would result from placing them on juries. After a few trials, however, the system was quietly abandoned, and has never been revived. The reasons for this are many. First is the fact that so few women are eligible. The following classes are, from the necessity of the case, exempt: All nursing mothers, all approaching a condition of maternity, all the delicate, nervous, or hysterical, all who from temporary physical condition are not fit for sitting on a long trial, all of notoriously bad character, all who are exempt from the same causes men would be. These classes include nine-tenths of the whole sex. When to these are added those who have sick or very young children, who need frequent care, it seems that all Wyoming has no more than a hundred women, at any one time, fit for jury duty. The system, therefore, was given up, not as a failure, exactly, but as utterly impracticable.

Another difficulty presented itself: When a jury consisting of men and women, five of the latter, was long detained and locked up for several hours, the resulting inconvenience was so great, and the expense so much increased, that both sexes were heartily sick of the experiment. The general result is said to be that both the friends and foes of women suffrage are disappointed, as neither the good nor evil predicted has come to pass. One good is claimed—that there is better order at the polls than formerly. If any other benefit has resulted, it is not apparent yet. Some complain that the cost of running for office has vastly increased, as the candidates have to bring out their lady supporters in carriages; but the ladies, in their convention a few weeks since, unanimously resolved against it, declaring themselves "as able to walk to the polls as to church or market."

A few fights have resulted from challenging the votes of ladies. The first lady whose vote was challenged at Laramie dropped her ballot and indulged in a good cry, whereupon her escort sailed in and made it hot for the challenger. After a few fights on this subject, challenging ladies was, by common consent, discontinued, and, in that particular, at least, they have an advantage of the men.

As to the effect of suffrage on the ladies, there are almost as many opinions as there are people in Wyoming. The majority, however, declare themselves unable to see any change. As far as can be known, the ladies divide their vote between parties much as men do, rather more, perhaps, voting for personal friends. To sum up, the opinion of the best informed is that woman suffrage in Wyoming has resulted in making everything just as it was before, only a little more so.

EXTORTION FROM A WIDOW SEVENTY-FOUR YEARS OLD.

PORTLAND, Sept. 21, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Being a farmer, I am not in the habit of writing for newspapers, nor of making myself very conspicuous in politics. Nor is it from a desire to attract attention to myself or my personal affairs that I ask space in your columns at this time, for what may seem a private matter. But the people are awake now, more than ever before, to the importance of private character, as the true basis for official character, and it is because I believe this sentiment to be correct, and because I am cognizant of a transaction of Mr. Lafayette Lane's which the people ought to know before they make up their minds to vote for him for Congressman, that I bring the matter to public notice. In the fall of 1872, my mother, Mrs. Martha Ann Smith, of Douglas county, a widow lady 74 years of age, and very feeble, and possessed of very scanty means of livelihood, had a lawsuit with J. L. Hallett, agent of the Oregon and California Railway Company, for damages done by the railway company to her property. Mr. Lane and the family of Mrs. Smith had long been on terms of intimate personal friendship, he having been their attorney from the time of his admission to the bar. But in that suit he was employed by the railway party. The case was commenced in Douglas county, but transferred by a change of venue to Lane county, where it was tried and Mrs. Smith was unsuccessful. I attended court for my mother, she being too infirm to attend. When the verdict came in I, being compelled to take the train immediately for home on account of illness in my family, spoke to Mr. Lane, saying I supposed it was all over now, and I might as well go home, to which he replied in substance that there was no occasion for my remaining any longer; and I went home, supposing he would do nothing but what was right in the matter of costs. After I had gone he made out and filed a cost bill, of which the following is a copy:

L. L. Williams, clerk fees	$13 50
" " Lane county	9 55
Stephen Turner, mileage 400 miles, attendance at Douglas Co.	40 00
Stephen Turner, 4 days	8 00
" mileage 250 miles attendance	
Lane Co. Circuit Court	25 00
Stephen Turner, 4 days	8 00
C. Conger, attendance and mileage	10 00
	$119 00

Witness Turner, for whom mileage for 650 miles is charged in this bill, was subpœnaed *at Roseburg, the place where the court was held in Douglas county*, to attend the court there, and at *Eugene City*, if subpœnaed at all, to attend the court *there*. He was entitled to charge for *one mile* at each place, and no more. I do not complain of any other items of the bill, but this false charge of mileage was outrageous under any circumstances, and particularly so under the circumstances of this case. My mother was unable to pay the bill, and I paid it for her. I have shown the bill to Mr. Dolph, who was associated with Mr. Lane in the case, and whom I regard as a gentleman, and he pronounces it "a terrible bill for mileage." Mr. Hallett and the Smiths were on the best of terms, and I do not think he or Mr. Dolph knowingly gave countenance to the wrong.

I accord to an attorney the right to win his case by any honorable means, and I should have no complaint against Mr. Lane doing his best to win this case. Nor do I, as I said before, complain of any item in the cost bill, except the gross overcharge for Turner's mileage. That I consider an act which an honorable attorney would spurn.

B. P. SMITH.

THE CONQUERORS OF THE WORLD.—The aim of Genghis was literally the conquest of the world—as he conceived it—and was nearer its accomplishment in his own life, and in that of two of his descendants, Kublai and Timur, than it had ever been before, or is likely to be again. The empire which he created counted within its limits probably one-half of the whole human race, and extended from the Sea of Okotsk, at the northeastern extremity of Asia, over the whole breadth of the Continent as far as the Black Sea. Insane as such ambition seems, it must have its source in some perennial springs of action common to our nature, since it constantly reappears with a certain periodicity in successive ages—fortunately far apart—and in races still more widely separated by ethnographic characters and surrounding conditions. Assyrian, Babylonian, and Persian, Greek, Roman, and French have each in turn sent forth heroes in this quest for universal empire. With the Romans alone it became the insanity or ambition of a people, who for successive ages sought to be the rulers of the world, and actually founded an imperial sway over Europe from the Rhine to the Danube, and in Asia and Africa, nearly as far as Alexander had penetrated on either continent. The whole of Asia and Eastern Europe had not, however, been under the scepter of a single ruler until Timur swooped from his Mongolian steppes, the heir of the first Great Mogul, and camped in the heart of Hungary and Poland, with a mixed multitude of tribes and nations for his army.—*Fortnightly Review.*

Quite a serious affray occurred in Union on the 11th. Two half-breeds named Raymond and Izadore went to the house of Mr. Duncan, a carpenter, who lives in the outskirts of the town, and began to quarrel. Duncan ordered them to leave his house. This they refused to do, and words led to blows. During the fracas Duncan was struck on the head with a rock. At this he seized a knife and struck a blow at Izadore. The knife penetrated the back part of the neck to the bone and was drawn down over the shoulder to the chest, making a fearful wound and nearly half severing the fleshy part of the neck from the trunk. At last accounts the wounded man was expected to recover.

OREGON.

Salem is agitating the establishment of a boat club.

Parties are making $4 per day to the hand, mining on the Santiam.

Abe Kyger fell from an engine at the Corvallis fire last week, and received severe bruises.

A fire in the dry house of the agricultural works at Salem, destroyed 4,000 feet of lumber and $100 worth of tools.

A solid chunk of coal, weighing 6,000 pounds, was recently shipped to San Francisco from the Newport mine on Coos Bay.

On last Thursday a small child of Thomas Ousley, who lives near Island City, Union county, was choked to death while eating an apple.

We learn that the water in the Klamath river is from 10 to 12 inches lower at present than it has been before. This is so large a stream of water that it is a great change.

Kittlewood & Co. took out of their claim on the Klamath river this week in three days and a half, one hundred and forty ounces, or about $2,500. This claim can be said to be paying "big."

Jacob G. Nesley, one of the oldest settlers of Grand Ronde valley, died at his residence near La Grande, Sept. 13th, in the 64th year of his age. He was a native of Virginia, but emigrated to Oregon and settled in Columbia county, in 1853.

Capt. B. B. Griffin lived in Linn county, Oregon, from 1848 to 1852, and some time during 1851 he discovered a soft white limestone on a mound near the junction of the Crabtree and Thomas Forks of the Santiam. He found petrified coal and leaves in the mound on the south side of the mountain about 200 feet above the river. The mound is about four miles in circumference and at least 300 feet high. The stone made a beautiful chimney piece, and being soft, was easily dressed. He has also recently discovered a ledge of cinnabar and antimony close to his house in Jackson county.

In the latter part of last week the house of Major Cornoyer on Dry Creek, in Umatilla county, was entered and a number of trunks broken open and their contents scattered over the floor. Among other things taken were a shotgun, revolver, silver watch and some blankets. The Major, who has been living at the agency for a number of years, was just moving over to his farm and had sent these articles on in advance. Suspicion attached to a certain individual who had been seen in the neighborhood on the day of the robbery, and then was traced to Wallula and was there found, but as the Major had no warrant for his arrest, he returned in order to have one issued, and, in the meantime the bird took flight.

The *Sentinel* says two young men named Myers and Hamilton, living near Summerville, having had some personal difficulty or misunderstanding, met there one evening last week and entered into a quarrel. Meyers accused Hamilton of having made certain statements, and demanded a retraction. To this Hamilton objected, when Myers drew a six shooter and commenced using it freely on Hamilton's head. During the melee, Hamilton drew a small pocket knife and inflicted a number of wounds, none dangerous, but quite painful, on his assailant. On finding that he had been wounded with a knife, Myers attempted to shoot his adversary, but his artillery had fortunately become disabled during the engagement, and the battle closed without the loss of a man, though not without the loss of blood.

THE TERRITORIES.

Indians are doing a thriving oyster business on Puget Sound.

The celebrated Dr. Dio Lewis and his wife are now on a visit to Salt Lake.

The whole number of scholars attending the schools in Olympia, at present, is 212.

The reporter of the *Tribune* has again been debarred from the sessions of the city council of Salt Lake.

During the month of August the fog-whistle at Dungeness station sounded, in the aggregate, 107 hours.

Mrs. Hartley, recently adjudged insane, and placed in the insane asylum at Steilacoom, is set at liberty again.

The capitol building at Olympia has been neatly fitted up for the legislature which will assemble in it Oct. 4th.

Gen. McMicken, surveyor general of Washington Territory, is now making his first visit to the Walla Walla country.

The Denver *News* says that the Republicans of Colorado may as well go into the present campaign with the conviction that Colorado may give the casting vote in the presidential election.

The editor of the Bellingham Bay *Mail* thus apostrophizes: "The mosquitos, thank Heaven, are subsiding, and the yellow jackets are taking their place. We don't wish to be understood as giving thanks for the latter."

The Dakota *Press* of the 30th ult. says: The case of the The People *vs* P. P. Wintermute was opened at 10 A. M. Out of a jury of forty-eight men only four were selected. The judge adjourned court, until 10 A. M. to-morrow; also issued a venire for forty-eight more jurymen.

The Owyhee *Avalanche* says: "The prospects for increased bullion products from the mines of this camp are quite encouraging. In about ten days all the mills will be running, including the Golden Chariot and the Ellmore, which are the only mills in camp idle at present. With the money that will in a few days be forthcoming to pay off the miners, and the encouraging signs of the times, as viewed from a local stand point, we shall soon be entering upon a new era in business."

The Walla Walla *Statesman* learns from Mr. A. E. Isham, who has just returned from North Idaho, that the non-treaty Nez Perce Indians on Salmon river are disposed to make trouble with the white settlers. It appears that a short time ago an Indian by the name of Red Elk, in company with two or three other Indians, after partaking freely of fire water, supposed to have been obtained at a China store on Salmon river, went to the house of a man by the name of Benedict, who has a wife and three or four small children. Mr. Benedict, at the time, was absent from home. The Indians took possession of the house, drove the woman and children out, forcing her with her children to wade White Bird at the risk of her life. About this time Mr. Benedict appeared on the scene of action with a double-barreled shotgun, and began to fire on the Indians, who being thoroughly armed, promptly returned the fire. One of the Indians was killed, and another badly wounded. It is supposed that Red Elk shot the Indian that was killed through mistake, as he was killed by a pistol shot, and Benedict had nothing but bird shot. The white settlers in that locality were very much excited, and talked freely of raising a company and driving the Indians from that section.

A child, when told that God is everywhere, asked, "In this room?" "Yes." "In the closet?" "Yes." "In the drawers of my desk?" "Yes, everywhere. He's in your pocket now." "No, he ain't, though." "And why not?" "Tauth I ain't dot no pottet."

POLITICAL DISCUSSION.

Henry Warren, Republican candidate for Congress, will address his fellow citizens at the following times and places, to-wit:

Corvallis, Sept. 22, at 1 P. M.
Dallas, Sept. 23, at 1 P. M.
Lafayette, Sept. 25, at 1 P. M.
Hillsboro, Sept. 27, at 1 P. M.
Oregon City, Sept. 29, at 1 P. M.
Salem, Sept. 30, at 1 P. M.
Portland, Oct. 2, at 7 P. M.
Astoria, Oct. 4, at 7 P. M.
Dalles, Oct. 7, at 1 P. M.
Pendleton, Oct. 11, at 1 P. M.
Weston, Oct. 12, at 1 P. M.
LaGrande, Oct. 15, at 1 P. M.
Baker City, Oct. 18, at 1 P. M.
Canyon City, Oct. 21, at 1 P. M.

Opposing candidates are invited to be present and join in the canvass.

LETTER FROM SALEM

THE COMMON SCHOOL QUESTION AND THE CANDIDATES—GRANT AND AMES—A SUMMING UP OF THE SOUTHERN QUESTION.

SALEM, Sept. 20, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In a recent issue, referring to the Maine election, you suggest to Mr. Warren that no further successful use can be made of the "bloody shirt," but that if he will cease to wave that and take up the common school question he can make votes against Lane. I have not your article before me, but I think I have quoted its substance correctly. Now, Mr. Editor, I submit that that is not candid. If there is the slightest reason to suppose there is any difference between Mr. Lane's and Mr. Warren's opinions on the common school question, it has not been published. I understand both alike are daily declaring in their canvass, that they are in favor of public schools. The "platform" of Mr. Lane's convention, if platforms are worth anything, (I confess that I think, usually, they are not) declares no hostility to public schools. I don't think there is an intelligent man in the state who thinks any party here has thought of opposing them. And, if the candidates alike favor them, how is one fairly to gain an advantage? I doubt not there are individuals in all the parties, as many in one as another, perhaps, who question the wisdom of the system. It appears to me that this sudden harping on the school question is a species of demagoguing for votes in danger of being overdone and reacting. It evidently has been suggested by the Ohio clamor, which seems to have no better basis than that here. The Ohio constitution prohibits any division of the school fund, and the Democratic platform does not refer to the subject. Perhaps you may reply that it and the Oregon platform might have been made to do so. True. So they might have resolved that they were opposed to a king, but as there was no danger of one, there was no necessity or propriety in declaring against one.

In the OREGONIAN of the 17th inst. you indorse the dispatch of President Grant concerning the Mississippi troubles, and add that the "attorney general's letter is simply a transcript of the President's dispatch to him." It seems to me there is a marked difference in the spirit of that portion of the attorney general's letter, which is his own, and that embodying the President's dispatch. That Grant has been anxious to get "inside the state" with his power, and has been reckless and regardless of the manner of doing it, was made manifest by his conduct in the case of the Louisiana legislature, the Vicksburg sheriff, in his unseemly and urgent advocacy of the Force bill, and his shameless reward of its supporters; in his Arkansas message, in which he eagerly sought for countenance in overturning the constituted government of that state, and his reward, with official places, of the tools who supported the startling and dangerous project. Grant is anxious Ames shall "strengthen his own position (before the public) by exhausting his own resources in restoring order before he receives government aid." There he humors Ames' hypocritical pretence that he is "betrayed by those who offer assistance." Who is this "Gov." Ames who is thus invested with the prerogative of determining when the power of the state of Mississippi has been exhausted, and the army of the United States is to be used to harrass and oppress its citizens? He is a citizen of Massachusetts, a son-in-law of Ben. Butler, "whose malignity," to quote from the N. Y. *Sun*, "towards the white people of the South exceeds that of any of the satraps sent there by Grant to rule over them, imposed a black defaulter for sheriff on the community of Vicksburg, who gave no bond for the taxes which he received. The citizens saw themselves robbed and outraged by the connivance of the governor, and they appealed to the courts for redress. The sheriff was ousted by due process of law, when Ames ordered him to be reinstated in defiance of judicial decrees. The negroes from the surrounding country were armed, and marched under appointed leaders to sack the city, but were driven back with loss of life. The governor was very courageous at the capital in issuing bulletins, but never ventured his person near a scene for which he was mainly responsible. He telegraphed to Sheridan for troops to enforce his arbitrary and illegal act, who sent a company there to carry out one of the most disgraceful proceedings on record. In England it would have cost him his commission, and been followed by lasting disgrace."

The Vicksburg infamy caused great excitement, and a serious collision at one time seemed imminent. It is said that several of the better class of Republicans asked Ames to interfere and prevent the shedding of blood. His response to the appeal was that "*the blood of twenty-five or thirty negroes would help the Republican party.*" It is pretty certain that the Grant section of the Republican party, represented by the Butlers, Mortons and Logans of the North, and by Ames and the noble army of carpet-baggers of the South, would gladly welcome a "southern outrage" as calculated to "fire the northern heart," and aid them in the elections. It is in evidence that emissaries were two years ago sent out from the department of justice to manufacture outrages, and cause the arrest of innocent persons on the eve of the elections; and the exposure of that plot had much to do with the revulsion of public opinion which followed. It is manifest also that Grant sought the enactment of the Force Bill, that under its unconstitutional and arbitrary provisions he might, through the U. S. marshals and army, control the elections in the South, and in 1876 register the vote of those states for himself, as he expected to procure the Republican nomination by the votes of the carpet-bag delegates and the aid of his afflictive army of office holders in the North. It is not denied that Grant cordially sanctioned Sheridan's usurpations at New Orleans and Vicksburg. The *Sun* says in England those acts would have cost Sheridan his commission. I doubt not, if he lives, the time will come when he will lose his commission for those acts in America.

Grant knows Ames and his character, and, taking that fact into account, his telegram to the attorney general smacks (and that word is not courser than the tenor of his dispatch) of Louisiana, Vicksburg and Force bill.

THIRD TERM.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. | E. C. LORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

431 Jackson St., San Francisco,

And 35 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.—There is unquestionably no other remedy so certain in its effects. ASTHMA, WINTER COUGH, BRONCHITIS and DISORDERS OF THE THROAT alike yield to its influence. The highest medical testimony states no better cure for these, complaints exists (now proved by over half a century's experience.) They contain no opium, morphia or any violent drug. KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES, prepared by THOMAS KEATING, London; Britain, are sold by all Druggists. Agents for the Pacific Coast, REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO., San Francisco.

s21d1pw5pto1

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. | EDW'D CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon

KING & CHATTIN,

(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

For all the States and Territories,

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS.

Office- 443 California St., San Francisco, California.

Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions.

jel9d6mlpw6m

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1875.

GRANT, PIERREPONT AND AMES.

"Third Term," whose letter appears in another column, criticises us on two points: 1st, For treating the public school question as an issue in this campaign; and, 2d, For approving of the course pursued by President Grant in the recent and last Mississippi riot.

We have said the question of maintaining the integrity of the public school system is now before the country, and we repeat it. With the exception of the financial question there is nothing which so engrosses the attention of the intelligent public to-day as the school question. It is useless to deny that efforts are making to build up a sentiment in favor of dividing the school funds for sectarian purposes. The evidence of this crops out on every hand. It has already alarmed the people of the Atlantic States to the point of taking steps to protect themselves and their institutions. Look at New Jersey. Only a few days since the people of that state voted upon the ratification of a series of amendments to their state constitution. Among these amendments were four touching this school question, their object being to make it impossible by any legislative device to accomplish any division of the public school funds for sectarian purposes. *These four,* and one other, *were the only amendments against which there was any serious opposition,* and though they were carried by an overwhelming majority, *there was a large vote against them.* The fact of their being proposed proves that the people thought they had reason to fear such legislation, and it is not likely an intelligent community would have been alarmed to such an extent as to demand an amendment to their organic law unless there had been some cause for uneasiness. The effort made to defeat those amendments shows how well grounded were the fears that prompted them.

But, says our correspondent, the Democratic platform breathes no hostility to the schools. So it does not. It is silent on the subject; silent when the whole country is agitated; silent when it ought to speak out; silent when silence is a suspicious circumstance. A party that pretends to deal with living issues cannot evade a question on which the people are anxious and alarmed, by ignoring it. The people in this country make the issues, and when a party convention refuses to accept them, it lays itself open to just suspicion of being managed by persons who are opposed to the people. And then the selection of Mr. Lane of all men, as the standard bearer of the Democracy lends force to the suggestion that the Convention did not speak out on this momentous question, because it dare not. We are as far from desiring to demagogue the election through as any one, not excepting our correspondent; but it is not demagoguing to warn the public when there seems so much cause for warning as in this case.

And now for the other branch of our correspondent's strictures. We condemned the conduct of the President, when he came to the rescue of the carpet-baggers in Louisiana and Mississippi last winter, and we condemn it still. We approved of his refusal to intermeddle in the Arkansas difficulty at the instance of the pretender Volney Smith, and we approve of it still. And we approbated, and still approbate, his declining to help Imbecile Ames out of the recent Mississippi troubles. In our humble opinion the hand of the Federal government should have been taken away from the throats of the Southern people long ago, but because it was not done when it should have been, shall we refuse a recognition of the justice of the act when it is done? To be just is to be ready to do justice to every one—to President Grant, whom we need not say we do not greatly admire.

But our correspondent says Grant's dispatch to Pierrepont, embodied in Pierrepont's letter to Ames, was very different from the manly utterance of Pierrepont himself. In style it was different, for Grant cannot write the English language; but in substance it was the same. Pierrepont thought so, or he would not have said he and all the other members of the cabinet were in accord with the mind of the President. After quoting the President's dispatch to him, he begins his own remarks by saying:

> You will see by this the mind of the President; with which I am—and every member of the cabinet who has been consulted is—in full accord.

Grant's dispatch was the basis of Pierrepont's letter. No doubt Pierrepont's advice was the basis of Grant's dispatch. But no matter how it originated, the President did right to refuse aid to Ames when there was no case made out requiring it according to the constitution, and he did right in taking the occasion to notify the disorderly ruffians of Mississippi that if he should have to send the army among them to quell their turbulence he would make no child's play of it.

A DEMAND FOR INVESTIGATION.

For some time past the *Evening Journal* has been hinting pretty plainly of corrupt practices by Mr. W. L. Higgins, superintendent of the construction of the post-office and customs building in this city. No notice having been taken of these indirect charges, the *Journal* proceeded yesterday to make a number of specific accusations, charging fraudulent participation in the wages of employes and profits of contracts, appropriation of the proceeds of government property to his own use, furnishing materials and labor for repairing the dwellings of his political friends at the expense of the government, and making corrupt proposals to persons who sought employment in connection with the building. All these charges the *Journal* declared itself ready to establish by competent evidence, and especially invited the attention of Treasury Agent Morris to the case.

In this paper will be found a card from Mr. Higgins, demanding the investigation and calling upon the *Journal* to come forward with its proofs. The issue is now squarely made, and the *Journal* must produce its evidence. We have no opinion to express at present, except an opinion in which every person will agree with us, that Mr. Morris should at once proceed to probe the matter to the bottom, and that if the accusations are found true, Higgins should be made to answer in every lawful way for his crimes, and if they are not true the *Journal* should be made to feel the consequences of its false charges. Let the guilty party suffer, and let the public know the truth.

THE JOURNAL CONVICTS ITSELF AGAIN.

And now comes Mr. Lane's paper of this city and avers that in exposing the untruthfulness of its statement that Warren once took an oath that he was a native born citizen of the United States, we succeeded in making its statement appear untruthful by "jugglery," the said "jugglery" consisting in the omission of the questions propounded to Warren, and to which his alleged oath was supposed to have especial reference. But Mr. Lane's paper again convicts itself, and proves that we were right. Here are the alleged questions, as published by that paper:

> Are you willing to use all the influence you possess in favor of native-born American citizens for all offices of honor, trust or profit in the gift of the people, and do you promise to vote for them to the exclusion of all aliens and foreigners, for all local, state and government offices?

Now let the organ of Mr. Lane point to any sentence or word in this record implying an inquiry as to the nativity of the interrogated. The truth is, that the more the organ of Mr. Lane endeavors to extricate itself from the position in which its reckless assertions have placed it, the more apparent becomes the fact that there is no truth in anything it says about Mr. Warren. Its conduct in this matter is but another illustration of the familiar saying that the telling of one untruth makes it necessary to tell two more.

It would be hardly fair to presume that the instructions of any U. S. district attorney in the South devolved on him the duty of concealing persons who commit crimes against the laws of the States. It appears, however, that one at least of those officers considers that a branch of his duties. Such is the inference to be drawn from the report which comes by telegraph that Joe Mooris, the leader of the Georgia insurrection, for some time before his arrest was concealed in the day, within a convenient distance, and visited the U. S. district attorney by night. An officer, charged with the prosecution of criminals under one jurisdiction, who harbors fugitives from the justice of another jurisdiction, is a fit subject for the exercise of executive clemency. He should be promptly relieved of the burdens of official life.

Fisher, junior, late assistant district attorney to Fisher, senior, late district attorney of the District of Columbia, thought to turn an honest penny by stealing and hiding important papers connected with the office from which the Fishers were, with no little difficulty, induced to retire. But the Republic has exemplified the ingratitude for which such governments are proverbial by locking up this gentleman who served it so well, with a manifest purpose of going through the form of a judicial inquiry into the circumstances of his little speculation, and then heaping further indignities upon him. "'Tis ever thus," etc.—only it isn't.

A bedrock Democrat of Douglas county informs us that a large proportion of the Democrats of that county declare they will not be hoodwinked into helping overthrow the school system of our young State. They consider the question before the people in spite of the manipulations of the managers of the convention, who did not reflect the sentiments of the party at large when they refused to define their position. The consequence is that Lane is not going to poll the strength of his own party in his own county.

John J. Marks, the thieving harbor commissioner, went over to San Quentin yesterday, to commence his term of seven years in the penitentiary, after fighting his case through all the courts. It is said the final decision of the supreme court so affects him that it is thought he may fail to survive the term of his imprisonment. His case is a sad one, but his punishment is just. "The way of the transgressor is hard."

The prospects of success to the Ohio rag-pickers are growing "small and beautifully less" day by day. The people are not so gullible as they were assumed to be by the rag-pickers' convention. The chances are that Hayes will be elected by a handsome majority, and that "rise up William Allen" and his wild-cat currency scheme will be snuffed out together.

A New Orleans letter reports that a scheme is on foot among the White Leaguers of Louisiana to break up the Wheeler compromise when the Legislature meets in January, and recognize the McEnery government. It is a pity the lunatics of Louisiana had not been at Indianola when the great storm came the other day.

The details of the destruction of the town of Indianola, on the Texan coast, by the great hurricane, exceed in horror anything of the kind that has ever taken place in this country, and their parallel is to be found nowhere but in the stories of the earthquakes of South America and Western Asia.

DIED:

In this city, Sept. 20, Pearl, infant daughter of Lillie and Lieut. C. D. Parkhurst, U. S. A., aged 2 months and 15 days.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of R. R. Thompson, at 1 P. M. on the 22d inst. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

The interment will take place in Yamhill county.

NEW TO-DAY.

Scotch Plaids and fine French all Wool Plain Dress Goods, for sale at 107 Third st., by JOHN WILSON.

WANTED.

TWO GOOD DRESSMAKERS, AND TWO APprentices. MADAME LALLEMONT, French Dressmaker, Stark street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

TO LOAN.

ON GOOD REAL ESTATE SECURITY $2,100 Gold Coin, for 6 or 12 months time. Apply at WITHERELL & MURRAY'S Real Estate and Employment Office, 62 Front street.

NORWEGIAN BARQUE "ELEKTRA,"

CAPT. A. J. BRONLUND.

ALL BILLS AGAINST THE ABOVE NAMED vessel must be presented at the office of the undersigned on or before Thursday the 23d inst. s22d2t CORBITT & MACLEAY, Consignees.

CARD.

WE THANK THE VARIOUS FIRE COMPANIES and all citizens for their kindness in helping extinguish the flames on Sunday last, and protection of property.

EVERDING & FARRELL.

September 20, 1875. s22d3t

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE G., N. & P. STEAMSHIP Co.'s Steamer

PACIFIC,

Will sail from TACOMA for SAN FRANCISCO about

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1875.

Passengers via N. P. R. R. must arrive at Tacoma not later than Monday evening.

J. S. WALKER,

Agent G., N. & P. S. S. Co., New Tacoma.

NEW TO-DAY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PORTLAND, Sept 20, 1875.

To Mr. R. C. WHITE—*Dear Sir:*—We the undersigned, appreciating the many kind services you have rendered towards the Amateurs and citizens of Portland in assisting and managing the many performances given by them, herewith tender you a Complimentary Testimonial at such time and place as you may designate.

O P Mason,
C B Bellinger,
Wm Strong,
J B Pilkington,
B Killin,
W W Upton,
Wm Pfunder,
C Rosenbaum,
Wm Morton,
Sol Rosenfeld,
E Martin & Co,
T Dittenhoefer,
J H Woodward,
W C Hitchcock,
Geo C Sears,
C E Dubois,
C A Petrain,
S J McCormick,
P Wasserman,
Phil Lippitt,
M S Burrell,
M Moynahan,
H D Sanborn,
S G Skidmore,
J. Fleischner,
J Kaufman,
C H Woodard,
Geo H Durham,
J S Barber,
Matthias Gray,
John O'Niel,
J R Farish,
L H Lewis,
Chas Hodge,
T A Davis,
A Bushwiler,
T J O'Brien,
H C Funk,
G W Pittock,
Thos Kearney,
Chas Fishel,
A Roberts,
W J Kelly,
John Holton,
John Burk,
H P Harte,
J R Wiley,
E J Bryan,
John M Gearin,
B L Stone,
H Y Thompson,
T W Pittinger,
Simon Harris,
J R Carr,
J D Scharff,
J F Atkinson,
John W Kelly,
M W Fechheimer,
W S Ladd,
B G Whitehouse,
A H Miller & Co,
M J Gleason,
F C Barnes,
M J Gleason,
J S Williams,
A H Gross,
J Bachman,
Dan Holton,
T D Hayden,
P Maloney,
J J Murphy,
and others.

PORTLAND, Sept. 21, 1875.

Gentlemen—I accept with heartfelt thanks your kind tender of a Complimentary Testimonial, and will name SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 25, 1875, the time and the New Market Theater the place of exhibition, and I hope to be able with the kind assistance of a number of Ladies and Gentlemen to give you an equivalent in mirth and fun for your generous patronage.

I remain, gentlemen, yours respectfully,

R. C. WHITE.

PROGRAMME.

WHO SPEAKS FIRST!

THE ROUGH DIAMOND;

Together with an OLIO of

SINGING, DANCING, SKETCHES, RECITATIONS, &c.

Seats may be reserved at McCormick's Bookstore from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M. on Saturday, Sept. 25.

PUT. SMITH, BROKER.

LEGAL TENDERS BOUGHT AND SOLD, AND Highest price paid for Gold Dust and Bars; Notes Discounted and Money Loaned on all Valuables.

All letters confidential, and business transacted with parties at their own residences, if desired.

Orders from the country for purchases of any and all kinds attended to promptly and without delay.

An attentive ear and a close mouth is the motto of PUT. SMITH.

First street, bet. Stark and Washington.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY

SPECIAL NOTICE.

FARE AND FREIGHT REDUCED!

Cabin..........$20 | Steerage..........$10

FREIGHT RATES:

Wheat, per ton	$4 00
Flour	4 00
Oats	5 00
Barley	5 00
Bran	5 00
Middlings	4 00

For further particulars, apply to GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

Special Sale at Auction,

THIS DAY, WADNESDAY, SEPT. 22,

At 11 o'clock,

For account of whom it may concern,

I will sell at Public Auction at the Warehouse of EVERDING & FARRELL,

800 sacks BRAN, original sacks;
328 sacks BRAN, resacked;
54 sacks BRAN, resacked;
51 sacks WHEAT, original sacks;
211 sacks WHEAT, resacked;
41 sacks OILMEAL;
31 sacks SALT, Liverpool;
70 sacks SALT, stock;
9 sacks POTATOES;
1 lot SHORTS;
20 kegs SYRUP;
8 bales WOOL;
3 bales HAY.

ALSO,

All Salt, Bran, Wheat, Shorts, Oilmeal, Potatoes, etc., lying on the floor.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

OYSTER SEASON

Of 1875-76.

TO OUR REGULAR CUSTOMERS, AS WELL AS the new friends, we would kindly say that we are now ready to serve them with the choicest

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS,

3 times a week, (by the sack only), and the

TRANSPLANTED EASTERN OYSTERS

per every steamer from San Francisco, in boxes, 500 in a box, and every sack or box guaranteed, or money refunded.

We are sure of serving our regular customers for eight months in the year without interruption, as we have done for the last fifteen years.

THE WHOLESALE OYSTER COMPANY.

A. S. GROSS, Agent.

a30eod

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

EASTERN AND CALIFORNIA—

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

MIXED PAINTS.

TRADE MARK

AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT!

Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA CHEMICAL PAINT CO.,

117 Pine St., San Francisco,

Pure White, and any desired Shade or Color,

MIXED READY FOR USE!

Unequaled as a House or Ship Paint!

Will not spoil by standing any length of time.

Most Beautiful and Durable Paints Manufactured.

Any one can apply them.

Guaranteed to last twice as long as the best White Lead or any other Paint yet in the market.

Put up in ¼, ½, 1, 2 and 5 gal packages and in barrels.

N.B.—The Manufacturers of the **Averill Chemical Paint**—patents dated March 25, 1858, July 16, 1867, Dec. 23, 1873—control the right to manufacture and sell mixed paints on the Pacific Coast, and hereby caution dealers and consumers that certain worthless imitations bearing the name of "mixed," "liquid" and "rubber" paints have already appeared in the market, but all such are infringements of the Averill Patent, and dealers in them are liable to prosecution for violation of the U. S. Patent Laws.

None are genuine save those marked "Averill Chemical Paint," and bearing our Trade Mark—a fac-simile of which will be found on each package, sample card and price list.

For full information, samples, price lists, &c., address

T. A. DAVIS & CO.

Portland, Oregon,

SOLE AGENTS.

DRY GOODS.

For a Few Days Longer!

MRS. H. ACH

Will Continue Her Sales at

No. 81 FRONT STREET,

Between Washington and Alder.

IMMENSE SACRIFICE

OF

Blk and Col'd Silks,

Bl'k and Col'd

VELVETINE.

Black and Colored

DRESS GOODS.

FANCY GOODS.

As time is short I have made a SECOND GRAND REDUCTION! in the prices of all Goods. I am offering my entire Stock at 75 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

Merchants from the Interior please call and examine.

MRS. H. ACH.

Fixtures in Store lately occupied by me on First St. for Sale cheap.

RUBBER PAINT.

RUBBER PAINT MANUFACTURED BY THE PACIFIC RUBBER PAINT CO. OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Patented June 22, 1869, April 4, 1871.

Best Paint in the World.

Flows from the Brush freely. Works easily, and will not Wash, Crack or Peel off, and Dries with a Fine Gloss.

"RUBBER PAINT"

Will Cover more Surface; Cover it Better and Last Longer than Lead and Oil, and is Guaranteed to be Superior to any CHEMICAL PAINT of any kind whatsoever.

The Solicitors and Agents of other Paints have represented that our Patents are worthless, and that dealers would lay themselves liable to prosecution and damages. These reports are simply an

UNSCRUPULOUS ADVERTISING DODGE.

In reply, we guarantee all who handle our Goods, to the fullest extent against any trouble or interference. We also guarantee our Paint to be

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. CHEAPER

In covering than the Averill Chemical Paint; and further guarantee that it will

LAST TWICE AS LONG,

Without Chalking, Cracking or Peeling off, of which we have abundant proof. By calling at our Office, we will refer to buildings painted with Averill Chemical Paint within 20 months which are chalking and cracking off—a part of the buildings one color and a part another color. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROPRIETORS CLAIM IT WILL DO NEITHER.

List of Colors, Prices and Circulars, on application to the SOLE AGENTS,

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Dealers in

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS & GLASS,

75 Front and 76 First Streets, Portland.

P. GOLDSMITH, 247 & 249 Water st., New York. J. LOEWENBERG, Portland.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

32 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block,

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

TINMEN'S AND PLUMBERS' STOCK,

Bird Cages, Fancy Wire Goods, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers,

And a Complete Assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

SPECIAL SALE

Of Government Property,

FRIDAY, SEPT. 24, 1875,

At 1 o'clock, at the New Custom House Building,

4 Tons Asphaltum.

1 Lot Roofing Slate,

W. L. HIGGINS, Sup't.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

T. L. NICKLIN, Dentist,

With Hatch & Thompson,

No. 109 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

AT

"THE WHITE HOUSE"

Consisting of the Latest Novelties in

PLAIN & PLAID DRESS GOODS,

including the Celebrated

Basket Plaids,
Matelaise Suitings,
New Centennial Cloth,
Bl'k & Col'd Cashmeres,
Imperial Diagnols,
Knickerbocker Plaids,
Venetian Suitings,
All Wool Bege,
Camel's Hair Plaids.

Together with all the various

FALL AND WINTER

Shades of

SILKS & VELVETS

To Match.

We beg leave also to call attention to our splendid display of

IMPORTED COSTUMES, DRAP E'TE.

BEADED AND BEAVER

SACQUES AND CLOAKS,

— And to our —

Millinery Department!

Consisting of the Choicest and most Extensive Variety of

FRENCH

HATS AND BONNETS

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS.

RIBBONS,

ORNAMENTS, &c.,

We invite especial attention—being the MOST ATTRACTIVE EXHIBITION! ever presented to the Ladies of Portland.

A Close Inspection of our Establishment will at once convince our patrons that every Department is so complete that it is impossible to describe the many Novelties on Exhibition.

On THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY, Sept. 23d, 24th and 25th, will be our regular Season's Opening Days, when we shall display the VERY LATEST

FRENCH

PATTERN HATS & BONNETS.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,

No. 31 FIRST STREET.

WANTS.

WANTED.

$6,000 COIN, ON FIRST CLASS CITY PROPerty, worth $12,000. JOHNSON, McCOWN & MACRUM, Attorneys and Brokers, Portland, Oregon. s20d2w

WANTED:

A NURSE, IN A GOOD FAMILY. LIBERAL wages paid for an experienced girl. Apply at this office. s17d6t

WANTED.

TO RENT A FARM EITHER FOR DAIRY OR Agricultural purposes. Will pay a good rental for a desirable location. Address McT., Oregonian office.

WANTED!

AN EXPERIENCED LADY, WITH THE BEST references, thoroughly qualified to teach Latin, French, Mathematics, and the higher English branches, desires a situation in a school or private family. Address R. H. C., Halsey, Linn Co., Ogn. a31d1m

INFORMATION WANTED.

ANY PERSON KNOWING ANYTHING OF THE whereabouts of one JAMES COYLE, who was employed on the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad in Washington Territory, during the years 1871, 1872 and 1873, will confer a favor and be rewarded by sending his address to this office.

Good Opening for a Business Man!

PARTNER WANTED IN A GENERAL Merchandise Store. The business has been established five years and has a trade of thirty thousand a year, which can be easily increased to fifty thousand. The object is to increase the capital and obtain the services of a good inside man. Capital required, Five Thousand Dollars, at least, in available funds, a fair share of brains and a large amount of energy with adaptation. Inquire of

H. L. PITTOCK,

At the Oregonian Office.

MILLER WANTED.

WANTED, A MILLER TO RUN THE FLOURing Mill of S. & O. D. Barker in Yakima City, W. T., during the grinding season, which is usually from September to May. To a good, competent Miller, one who can make the best and most Flour from a given amount of wheat, and one who is honest, temperate and industrious, we will pay $60 per month and board, during their stay with us.

Apply in person to McLERAN BROS., Portland Oregon, or by letter to S. & O. D. BARKER, Yakima City. a31d1m

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

THREE SMALL RESIDENCES TO LET—ONE on an entire Block, with Stable, orchard and garden ground. Enquire of C. M. CARTER. s16d6t

ROOMS TO RENT.

A NUMBER OF PLEASANT ROOMS TO RENT en suite or single, one suite on the first floor, at the residence of Mrs. Dr. Thomson, Third street, between Salmon and Main. Reference required. s14d1m

TO LET.

TRINITY RECTORY, FULLY FURNISHED Apply to REV. GEO. BURTON, At Bishop Scott Grammar School.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

CIDER BUSINESS, WITH LATE IMPROVED Machinery, capable of turning out 15 barrels of cider per day. Apply to D. F. HARRINGTON, Sixth and D streets, or to E. MARTIN & CO., Front street. s15d1m

FOR SALE.

A RACE TRACK AND FAIR GROUND. A Mile Race Track, within one mile of the city of Walla Walla, W. T., to which is attached a Highly Improved Farm, with new Dwelling House and all necessary out buildings. Plenty of timber and running water on the place. The track is enclosed with a tight board fence. All necessary stabling, stands, etc., newly erected. The Farm will be sold separately or with the track. Address, au18d3m C. S. BUSH, Walla Walla, W. T.

Tannery for Sale, Price $3,000.

THE BEST TANNERY IN THE STATE, SITUAted 3 miles south of Portland, on Macadamized Road, with commodious buildings, steam power and all the necessary appliances for carrying on a first class Tannery business. For particulars apply to A. A. FRANKLIN, south side of Columbia street, between First and Second.

LOTS AND BLOCKS FOR SALE

IN THE

West Portland Homestead Association.

Lots from $75 to $150, according to Locality.

ALSO, HOMESTEAD LOTS AT $200 PER ACRE, within 20 minutes' walk of the Court House, or business portion of the city, where there is pure water, pure air, no ague, no city taxes and no nuisances. Blocks sold on the Installment plan. We give a great deal of ground to the acre, too. We give 213 feet square to the acre on the surface, running a little over four thousand miles down to the foot of China, and all for $200. This land was never made for that price, and if the man who made it pays any attention to terrestrial affairs, he must feel very bad to see the fruits of his labor sell so much below first cost. Title perfect. A warrantee deed from the foot of China to the top of the skies, and Uncle Sam's patent to back us.

For particulars see

DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN, Retail Bankers, Or C. M. CARTER.

se6d1m

Executors' Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned will sell at private sale the South ½ of Lots 4 and 5 in Block No. 40, in the City of Portland, Oregon, known as CREE'S BLOCK.

For terms of sale apply to

JOHN A. CRAWFORD, at Albany,

or JOHN CATLIN, at Portland,

Executors of Last Will and Testament of Wm. Cree, deceased.

Circular Saws for Sale.

2 54-INCH, 16 TEETH; 3 56-INCH, 20 TEETH—usual gauge—Spaulding's make—inserted teeth—too small for owner's use—30 per cent less than cost. Enquire of LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO., Portland, or OREGON TRADING CO., at Knappton, W. T. a28d&w2m

FOR A FEW DAYS.

THE SALE OF

Damaged Clothing

Will be continued by

JOHN O'NEIL & CO.,

At the Store formerly occupied by E. MILWAIN,

Opposite their Old Stand.

RARE BARGAINS!

RARE BARGAINS!

Sales Commence at 1 P. M. s18d2p

JUST ISSUED.

200th EDITION.

MANHOOD,

REVISED AND CORRECTED BY THE AUTHOR E. DE F. CURTIS, M. D., &c., &c.

A Medical Essay on the cause and cure of premature decline in man, showing how health is lost, and how regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the treatment of nervous and physical debility, exhausted vitality, and all other diseases appertaining thereto; the results of twenty years successful practice.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

CURTIS ON "MANHOOD."—There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether he be parent, preceptor or clergyman.—*London Times.*

CURTIS ON "MANHOOD."—This book should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief; it will injure no one.—*Medical Times and Gazette.*

Price—One Dollar, by mail or express. Address the author: DR. CURTIS, 529 Sutter street, or P. O. Box 837, San Francisco, Cal. au16d&wly

NEIMEYER & UTTER,

Fashionable Tailors,

HAVE REMOVED TO

33 FIRST STREET.

Sheep! Sheep! Sheep!

1,400 HEAD OF GRADED COTSWOLD STOCK Sheep for sale, and must be sold immediately on account of departure.

A. P. CALDWELL.

Buena Vista, Polk Co., Ogn., Sept. 17, 1875. s20d2w

AUCTION AND COMMIS

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL CHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and

At Private Sale

Large assortment of GROCERIES and Liberal advances made on

To parties declining Housekeeping, that I will purchase Second Hand

A. B. RICHARDSON, A

Regular and Peremptory

OF

Furniture, Groceries,

Merchandise, Etc.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 22, 187

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

BEDROOM, DININGROOM AND FURNITURE.

ALSO,

119 hf bbls. SALMON,

ALSO,

200 bxs Adamantine CANDLES;
800 bxs C. O. SOAP;
100 cases PICKLES;
75 kegs TOMATO CATSUP
100 cases Ass'ted PIE
100 cases PEPPER SAUCE
50 cases OLIVE OIL

50 RATAN LOUNGES.
50 " CHAIRS.

A. B. RICHARDSON, A

INSURANCE.

Established 1809.

North British and

Fire Insurance Com

OF LONDON AND ED

Assets Exceed $15,000,

All Policies Written in

(Thus avoiding the

And all Losses Paid here on Adjustment in U. S.

EDWARD HAL

MANAGER, OREGON

Front Street, bet. Washi

THE STATE

Investment & In

COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

FIRE AND MAR

Incorporated in 18

Cash Assets,

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, BRYAN,

CHARLES

This Company surance combination the Lowest according to its

The undersigned Agents for the above to accept applications and Marine risks

A. P. HOTAL

General Agents and W

N. B.—Agents throughout Territory.

OREGON

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE CO

HAMILTON BOYD, E

Office, 72 First St.,

FIRE, MARINE AND INSURANCE.

J. F. HOUGHTON.........
GEO. H. HOWARD.........
CHAS. R. STORY.........
N. B. EDDY.........
M. B COX.........
H. H. BIGELOW.........
R. H. MAGILL.........

LIGHT! LIGHT!

HAVING ACCEPTED THE the Celebrated

SPRINGFIELD

GAS MACH

We are prepared to for lighting

Hotels, Churches, Public Private Residences.

Over 1,000 Test

Attest the Superiority of the

SPRINGFIELD GAS M

OVER ANY OTHER

They are simple in construction, out of order, require no

Made Entirely of

And are substantial and little space, can be equally adapted smallest Dwelling Machine, but, Winter constant use all through seven years.

No fire is used in buildings lighted by it as though coal gas was

The cost of Gas not exceed $1 50 to $2

We invite correspondence contemplating the send, on application, explanations of the working hundreds of testimonials other Machine now in use.

We also invite attention to our full line of

GAS FIXTURES

Embracing the newest sty BRACKETS, PENDANTS low and our goods superior to

We shall be glad to correspond introducing Gas, and to have examine our Machine and Fix

NYE & ACHESON

315 and 317 Pine Street, S

Sole Agents for the Springfield for California

s16d&wp3m

THE VERY FINEST

PHOTOGRAPHS

TAKEN AT

SHUSTER & DAVIDSON

Cor. First and Yamhill Streets

s1d&w1m

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 187

CITY.

ACCUSED OF LARCENY.—Vociferous cries, a "police, police," rang shrilly out on the nigh air last evening from near the corner of Stark and Third street. Supposing some act of violence, or perhaps deed of blood was bein committed, officers O'Hara, Mercer and Kin started in the direction, to ascertain the caus of the commotion. Other persons acting fro a similar impulse, ran towards the spot. O arriving there they found two men lying o the ground, one holding fast to the other. Inquiring the occasion of the strange proceedings, the person who was uppermost informe the officer that he desired to have the individual he was holding taken into custody, as h was a thief, and had stolen a suit of clothe from him. Both men were escorted to th city jail where they gave their names a Markly and Wolf. The former person name is the one preferring the charge. From Markly's statement of the case we derive the following particulars: Markly owns a farm i Marion county, near what is known as As Island, in the Wallamet river. In addition t farming, he is proprietor of a woodyard on th island, and also carries on a limited butchering business. For some time past, until within a few weeks ago, Wolf was in th employ of Markly. Over two weeks ag Markly went away from his house, leaving Wolf there. On returning home, he foun Wolf had taken "French leave," and o making further examination of the premise discovered that the missing man had take away a new suit of clothes and a watch. Concluding that Wolf had left the country, an that the value of the stolen articles would no warrant him in pursuing the thief, Markly gave them up as lost, and made no further effort to regain possession of what was lost. He gave no further thought to the matter, until yesterday, when visiting the city on business, he was greatly surprised to fin Wolf last evening in a beer saloon drinking. Although partially intoxicated, Wolf recognized his old employer at a glance, and attempted to elude him by flight. He fled, bu was overtaken by his pursuer, thrown dow and held in the manner above stated. Wol was committed to jail for the night, and a examination of the case will be had in police court this morning. Capt. Brannan on searching Wolf, found a watch on his person —just such a one as was described by Markly. The clothes which the defendant had on, complainant declares most positively belong to him, and are the identical ones which were stolen from him.

A FRIGHTFUL CASUALTY—ALMOST.—Two men while driving down Fourth street yesterday afternoon, in a small one horse buggy narrowly escaped being run over by the southern bound train which was passing up the track. When the men reached the intersection of Fourth and Salmon streets, they stopped the horse to allow the train to pass. The animal stood perfectly still, and apparently took no notice of the rapidly approaching train until the locomotives got nearly opposite, when, despite the efforts made by th driver to urge it forward with a whip, th horse commenced to back. The engineer opened the cocks, hoping that the hissing of the escaping steam would cause the horse to move forward, but instead of doing so, th animal obstinately continued to back. For a few seconds, prospects for a first class item, with two corpses, a mangled horse and a smashed carriage included, were very flattering, and our reporter instinctively clutched his well sharpened pencil. But it was to no purpose, for, after backing to within a few yards of the train, the horse stubbornly declined to "budge a peg." They say that a "miss is as good as a mile," but in this instance we confess our reporter's hyacinthian locks stood up like a "fretful porcupine," and his trepidation was equally shared by th two men, judging from their unsuccessful attempts to scramble out of the vehicle. In a few moments the danger was past, but it was a very close call.

WILL OF HILL BEACHY.—The last will and testament of Hill Beachy, who is so well known all over this coast, and who died some four months since in San Francisco, has recently been filed for probate at Marysville, California, and makes the following disposition of his estate: The testator directs his executors to collect amounts that shall be due on the insurance of his life, and also to take charge of what property he may own at the time of his death. He further directs his executors to loan out on good security all moneys that may be due on his insurance policies, and to apply the interest on that and all moneys accruing from the remainder of his property to the support and education of his daughter Gracie, and his niece, Lizzie Drake, and to the support of his sister, Amanda Drake. When his daughter shall have attained the age of twenty-eight, then all of the estate to be given to her. The estate is valued at $50,000.

STEAMER TENINO SUNK.—On Monday while the steamer *Tenino* was on the way from Celilo to Wallula, she struck a rock and stove a hole in the hull. The captain, finding the boat rapidly filling with water, steered straight for the shore. Without difficulty the boat was beached and no further damage was done. Where the boat is beached the water is quite shallow and does not reach over the deck. There was but little freight on board, as the steamer was bound up, consisting principally of railroad iron for the W. & W. W. R. R. No damage worthy of mention was sustained, all the freight escaping submergence. A dispatch was sent to the O. S. N. Co's office here at once, apprising Mr. Wygant of the accident. Yesterday morning a force of carpenters was sent up from this city to repair the damage. In a few days the submerged steamer will be raised and ready for service again.

VERY PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—From the Salem *Mercury* we learn that a severe accident occurred on board the steamer *Champion* as she was effecting a landing at the Farmers' Warehouse for the purpose of taking on board the tools of the carpenters who had been engaged on the wharf. As the boat touched the wharf the only one of the crew on deck jumped ashore to make fast the hawser. Mr. W. T. Hart, who had slept on board, came on deck at this time to superintend the shipment of his property, and observing that the hawser was slipping on the bitts, he seized it with his left hand in order to stop the boat, when in some manner his thumb was caught between the hawser and the bitts and in an instant was severed from his hand. The wound was dressed by Dr. Richardson, and Mr. Hart came to Portland on the train this morning.

THE WEATHER.—Average webfoot is now in the undisputable enjoyment of the most lovely weather, and we suppose it must be that indefinite period of the season known as Indian summer. Scarcely less fierce does the king of day look down upon the variegated landscape than he did during the sweltering days of August. The year, however, is passing into the longer shadows, and with September we have the richer tints of foliage, and the trees are commencing to darken, here and there, as if steeped in wine. But these lovely moonlight evenings are beautiful beyond description, with the air so soft and balmy, and the fair moon flooding with dreamy splendor this beautiful city; but the gate hinges, don't they suffer though, while the young lotharios are spinning yarns to the fair damsels these nights.

SUPPOSED TO BE DROWNED.—A gentleman who came up the river yesterday, reported the following. On Friday, a man named Smith went out in a boat some distance above Hume's fishery, on the Columbia river, the river being quite rough at the time. The next day the empty boat was found in which a bottle, partially filled with liquor, remained. It was thought that the occupant, Smith, in making an effort to set sail, fell overboard, the surrounding circumstances indicating that he was partially intoxicated, and the result being that he was unable to regain the boat and sank. Up to noon yesterday, no traces of the missing man were obtained. He was supposed to be unmarried.

REPORTED INJURED.—Intelligence reached the city last evening that Mr. Ben Simpson, surveyor general, who has been absent some time from the city on an official visit to the Siletz Reservation, met with an accident a few days ago, while on his way to his home. A letter was received here last evening in which mention was made of the accident, but furnishing no particulars whatever. Mr. Simpson is now en route for Portland, and will probably reach here to-day.

TION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
UCTIONEER
R. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.
Auction Sales
ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER-CHANDISE AND HORSES.
s—Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

gular and Peremptory Sale
ture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.
EDNESDAY, SEPT. 22, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
ALSO,
bbls. SALMON.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.
lished 1809. Established 1836.
British and Mercantile
re Insurance Company,
LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
s Exceed $15,000,000 Gold.
Policies Written in Portland,
l Losses Paid here Immediately
Adjustment, in U. S. Gold Coin.
EDWARD HALL,
MANAGER, OREGON BRANCH,

THE STATE
estment & Insurance
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE.
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, $420,000

ORECON BRANCH
HOME
UAL INSURANCE COMPANY
ce, 72 First St., Portland
MARINE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

IGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT!
PRINGFIELD
GAS MACHINE
er 1000 Testimonials
INGFIELD GAS MACHINE
ade Entirely of Copper.

AS FIXTURES
NYE & ACHESON,
nd 317 Pine Street, San Francisco

THE VERY FINEST
PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN AT
SHUSTER & DAVIDSON'S
First and Yamhill Streets, Portland.
s1d&wlm

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1875.

CITY.

ACCUSED OF LARCENY.—Vociferous cries of "police, police," rang shrilly out on the night air last evening from near the corner of Stark and Third street. Supposing some act of violence, or perhaps deed of blood was being committed, officers O'Hara, Mercer and King started in the direction, to ascertain the cause of the commotion. Other persons acting from a similar impulse, ran towards the spot. On arriving there they found two men lying on the ground, one holding fast to the other. Inquiring the occasion of the strange proceedings, the person who was uppermost informed the officer that he desired to have the individual he was holding taken into custody, as he was a thief, and had stolen a suit of clothes from him. Both men were escorted to the city jail where they gave their names as Markly and Wolf. The former person named is the one preferring the charge. From Markly's statements of the case we derive the following particulars: Markly owns a farm in Marion county, near what is known as Ash Island, in the Wallamet river. In addition to farming, he is proprietor of a woodyard on the island, and also carries on a limited butchering business. For some time past, until within a few weeks ago, Wolf was in the employ of Markly. Over two weeks ago, Markly went away from his house, leaving Wolf there. On returning home, he found Wolf had taken "French leave," and on making further examination of the premises discovered that the missing man had taken away a new suit of clothes and a watch. Concluding that Wolf had left the country, and that the value of the stolen articles would not warrant him in pursuing the thief, Markly gave them up as lost, and made no further effort to regain possession of what was lost. He gave no further thought to the matter, until yesterday, when visiting the city on business, he was greatly surprised to find Wolf last evening in a beer saloon drinking. Although partially intoxicated, Wolf recognized his old employer at a glance, and attempted to elude him by flight. He fled, but was overtaken by his pursuer, thrown down and held in the manner above stated. Wolf was committed to jail for the night, and an examination of the case will be had in police court this morning. Capt. Brannan on searching Wolf, found a watch on his person—just such a one as was described by Markly. The clothes which the defendant had on, complainant declares most positively belong to him, and are the identical ones which were stolen from him.

A FRIGHTFUL CASUALTY—ALMOST.—Two men while driving down Fourth street yesterday afternoon, in a small one horse buggy, narrowly escaped being run over by the south-bound train which was passing up the track. When the men reached the intersection of Fourth and Salmon streets, they stopped the horse to allow the train to pass. The animal stood perfectly still, and apparently took no notice of the rapidly approaching train until the locomotives got nearly opposite, when, despite the efforts made by the driver to urge it forward with a whip, the horse commenced to back. The engineer opened the cocks, hoping that the hissing of the escaping steam would cause the horse to move forward, but instead of doing so the animal obstinately continued to back. For a few seconds, prospects for a first class item, with two corpses, a mangled horse and a smashed carriage included, were very flattering, and our reporter instinctively clutched his well sharpened pencil. But it was to no purpose, for, after backing to within a few yards of the train, the horse stubbornly declined to "budge a peg." They say that a "miss is as good as a mile," but in this instance we confess our reporter's hyacinthian locks stood up like a "fretful porcupines," and his trepidation was equally shared by the two men, judging from their unsuccessful attempts to scramble out of the vehicle. In a few moments the danger was past, but it was a very close call.

WILL OF HILL BEACHY.—The last will and testament of Hill Beachy, who is so well known all over this coast, and who died some four months since in San Francisco, has recently been filed for probate at Marysville, California, and makes the following disposition of his estate: The testator directs his executors to collect amounts that shall be due on the insurance of his life, and also to take charge of what property he may own at the time of his death. He further directs his executors to loan out on good security all moneys that may be due on his insurance policies, and to apply the interest on that and all moneys accruing from the remainder of his property to the support and education of his daughter Gracie and his niece, Lizzie Drake, and to the support of his sister, Amanda Drake. When his daughter shall have attained the age of twenty-eight, then all of the estate to be given to her. The estate is valued at $50,000.

STEAMER TENINO SUNK.—On Monday while the steamer *Tenino* was on the way from Celilo to Wallula, she struck a rock and stove a hole in the hull. The captain, finding the boat rapidly filling with water, steered straight for the shore. Without difficulty the boat was beached and no further damage was done. Where the boat is beached the water is quite shallow and does not reach over the deck. There was but little freight on board, as the steamer was bound up, consisting principally of railroad iron for the W. & W. W. R. R. No damage worthy of mention was sustained, all the freight escaping submergence. A dispatch was sent to the O. S. N. Co's office here at once, apprising Mr. Wygant of the accident. Yesterday morning a force of carpenters was sent up from this city to repair the damage. In a few days the submerged steamer will be raised and ready for service again.

VERY PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—From the Salem *Mercury* we learn that a severe accident occurred on board the steamer *Champion* as she was effecting a landing at the Farmers' Warehouse for the purpose of taking on board the tools of the carpenters who had been engaged on the wharf. As the boat touched the wharf the only one of the crew on deck jumped ashore to make fast the hawser. Mr. W. T. Hart, who had slept on board, came on deck at this time to superintend the shipment of his property, and observing that the hawser was slipping on the bitts, he seized it with his left hand in order to stop the boat, when in some manner his thumb was caught between the hawser and the bitts and in an instant was severed from his hand. The wound was dressed by Dr. Richardson, and Mr. Hart came to Portland on the train this morning.

THE WEATHER.—Average webfoot is now in the undisputable enjoyment of the most lovely weather, and we suppose it must be that indefinite period of the season known as Indian summer. Scarcely less fierce does the king of day look down upon the variegated landscape than he did during the sweltering days of August. The year, however, is passing into the longer shadows, and with September we have the richer tints of foliage, and the trees are commencing to darken, here and there as if steeped in wine. But these lovely moonlight evenings are beautiful beyond description, with the air so soft and balmy, and the fair moon flooding with dreamy splendor this beautiful city; but the gate hinges, don't they suffer though, while the young lotharios are spinning yarns to the fair damsels these nights.

SUPPOSED TO BE DROWNED.—A gentleman who came up the river yesterday, reported the following: On Friday, a man named Smith went out in a boat some distance above Hume's fishery, on the Columbia river, the river being quite rough at the time. The next day the empty boat was found in which a bottle, partially filled with liquor, remained. It was thought that the occupant, Smith, in making an effort to set sail, fell overboard, the surrounding circumstances indicating that he was partially intoxicated, and the result being that he was unable to regain the boat and sank. Up to noon yesterday, no traces of the missing man were obtained. He was supposed to be unmarried.

REPORTED INJURED.—Intelligence reached the city last evening that Mr. Ben Simpson, surveyor general, who has been absent some time from the city on an official visit to the Siletz Reservation, met with an accident a few days ago, while on his way to his home. A letter was received here last evening in which mention was made of the accident, but furnishing no particulars whatever. Mr. Simpson is now en route for Portland, and will probably reach here to-day.

WILL GIVE BONDS.—On Monday Sheriff Jeffery was served with a notice that the U. S. marshal would file, on the 24th inst., a good and sufficient bond to faithfully comply with the law in relation to the case now pending in the state circuit court in the matter as to who is legally entitled to hold possession of the brickyard of Wm. Jones, in East Portland. At present the property is being jointly held by the sheriff and marshal. If on Thursday, the marshal files a bond which shall meet with the approval of the sheriff, that officer will surrender the possession of the property into the custody of Marshal Malarkey until the disputed question is settled by the proper tribunal.

INSPECTION—DEPARTURE.—U. S. Inspectors Flanders and Lotan made an examination of the hull and boilers of the tug *Gen. Canby* yesterday, which proved satisfactory and a certificate was granted accordingly. The trim craft with the ladies and gentlemen, who came over from Oysterville on her for a pleasure trip, departed for Shoalwater Bay at a late hour last evening. She was to tow the barkentine *Webfoot*, with a cargo for San Francisco, out of the bay to-day. The tug is a credit to all concerned in her construction.

RELEASED—HELD TO ANSWER.—Judge Adams, in police court, yesterday morning, discharged Mollie Cotton, a woman of easy virtue, who was arrested on Saturday, charged with grand larceny, on complaint of Cecelia Levy. However, the court held Mike Sullivan—arrested at the same time, charged with the same offense—to await the action of the grand jury. Sullivan's bonds were fixed at $500. He had not furnished bail up to a late hour last evening.

OFFERING RESISTANCE.—On complaint of Charles Lawrence, a gentleman named Owens was arrested yesterday, charged with interfering with the complainant while he was in the discharge of his duty. Charles, it seems, was using his best endeavors to lasso a diminutive canine, when Owens came gallantly to the rescue. A general *melee* followed, during which the dog made its escape. The case will be tried in the police court to-day.

FIRE ALARM.—The alarm was struck from box 8, corner Morrison and Tenth streets, about 10 o'clock last evening. As many labored under the impression that the alarm was struck from the north end of the city, the rush seemed to be in that direction, several of the companies going as far as B and Sixth streets. As the alarm was not repeated, it is fair to presume that the first one was false.

ANSWER FILED.—Yesterday being the return day, the *Bulletin* Printing and Publishing Company, by their attorney, filed an answer in the office of R. Wilcox, Clerk of the United States District Court, denying the acts of bankruptcy set forth in the petition of the creditors, and demanding a jury trial. The time for hearing will be fixed by the U. S. District Court next Tuesday.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, September 21, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	61°	84°	60°
Wind, direction	N.	N.	Calm.
Wind, velocity	4	5	0
Weather	Hazy.	Clear.	Clear.
Maximum temperature			85°

ARRIVED.—The steamer *John L. Stephens* arrived at 9:30 last evening. The following persons were passengers in addition to those published in Monday's issue of the OREGONIAN: Mrs. Commodore Francis Connor, Mrs. Titus, Miss A. C. Wallace, Jas. Hereby, O. Keegan, wife and two children, E. Petit, M. Kirk, M. Bishop, M. Baldwin, R. M. Breeze.

QUARTERLY EXAMINATION.—The quarterly examination for persons desiring certificates as teachers in public schools of this county, will take place next Saturday, (Sept. 25th), beginning at 9 o'clock, in the Central building. Applicants will please furnish their own writing material, and present themselves promptly at the hour named.

FARE AND FREIGHT REDUCTION.—The O. S. S. Co. have reduced the first-class fare on their steamers to and from San Francisco from $30 to 20, and the steerage $15 to $10. The reduction on freights is quite marked. All persons interested should post themselves by perusing the official announcement in the advertising columns.

RETURNED.—Capt. Flanders and Jas. Lotan returned on Monday morning from an official trip to Yaquina Bay. While out there these officers inspected the hull and boiler of the *Mollie*, and both being found in good condition, a new certificate was granted. These gentlemen report having had a very pleasant trip.

AMUSEMENTS.

As will be observed by correspondence published in another column, a complimentary benefit has been tendered Mr. R. C. White, who has made himself quite popular with the various amateur dramatic societies, by lending valuable assistance when his services have been solicited. The gentleman has accepted the generous proffer, and Saturday evening has been selected as the time, and New Market Theater the place, for the entertainment. Let him have a bumper on the occasion.

BALL AND BAT.

Says yesterday's *Statesman*: The Aldine Base Ball Club will meet this (Tuesday) evening at the court house, when that club will organize for the fall season, and a full attendance is desired. It is hoped that the Portland clubs will stir up a little, and give Salem's champion base ball club a rattle. Mr. Henderson, a well known baseballist of Harrisburg, has joined the Aldines, and is expected to help win the championship this fall.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

City vs C. Atkinson, found drunk; fined $10 and on failing to liquidate was committed for five days.

John Doe was fined $10 for making use of loud and obscene language on the streets. The fine was liquidated and the prisoner released.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

TUESDAY, Sept. 21, 1875.

Court met at 10 o'clock, but there being no business of importance to transact, it adjourned until next Tuesday.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Nathan Cohen to Van B. DeLashmutt, confirmatory deed to certain city property—consideration $1.

Francis McGuire to Patrick Kiernan, portion of a 20-acre tract in T. 15, 21 north, range 1 east, transferred by Thomas Pritchard and wife to said Francis McGuire—consideration $350.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The *Pacific* is to sail from Tacoma for San Francisco on the 27th inst.

Kilbourn has an important sale at Everding & Farrell's wharf at 11 o'clock this A. M. Some bargains will be offered. Note ad.

Call at any hour to-day for a lunch at Fabre & Barnes.

COMING—The steamer *John L. Stephens*, with a full cargo and large list of passengers. Among the cargo we learn that a large share is consigned to Beck & Waldman, the well known clothiers. This will be good news to their patrons.

The first invoice of fall and winter goods arrived on the last steamer and are now arranged in order so that JOS. KOHN'S numerous customers can call and see all that is new and attractive in the clothing line. The styles displayed are the very latest in the market and must prove quite saleable. Fresh arrivals every steamer, selected expressly for the trade by Mr. Kohn, who knows just what will please his patrons. Call to day and make your purchases.

PERSONAL.—Mr. M. Rosenblatt, of 70 Front street, returned last evening on the *John L. Stephens*, from San Francisco, with a large stock of Clothing, etc., for gentlemen and youths. His stock is worthy of inspection by all who desire a first-class article. Be sure and call on him, and recollect the number.

BECK & WALDMAN have added largely to their stock of Clothing during the past week. Mr. Beck has selected many new and attractive styles and forwarded the first purchases, which are really the best to be seen in Portland. The variety of styles for youths are numerous, and no parent should fail to examine the arrivals. Take your boy and have him fitted. The firm have an immense stock for the fall and winter and offer special inducements to all.

BRIEF NOTES.

The new roof over the O. S. N. Co.'s dock is finished.

Washington County Fair will commence on next Monday.

The three-masted schooner *Hera* arrived here yesterday morning.

The steamer *Idaho* will sail hence this evening with freight only.

The ruptured section of sewer at the foot of Stark street has been repaired.

The Washington county fair, at Hillsboro, will commence on Monday next.

Overdue at this port—the bark *Mattie Macleay*. Her arrival may be expected at any time.

The rapid steamer *Emma Hayward* is now making good time between Portland and the Cascades.

Are we to have a shooting match this year at the State Fair? is a question our crack shots are propounding.

The waters of the placid Wallamet are receding toward the lowest point reached during the fall season.

Work on McCraken's new wharf is being pushed vigorously forward. The floor of the second story has been laid.

Some slight repairs are being made to the east side track near the northern end of the trestle work opposite the city.

The jurors who will serve at the coming full term of the state circuit court will be drawn by the county clerk to-day.

Gus Newell, recorder in East Portland, fined two men yesterday for committing a mutual assault the modest sum of $20 each and the costs.

Col. John McCraken has been engaged for several days in removing from his old place of business to new and more commodious quarters in his new brick building.

Go away from home for news. It remained for the Victoria *Standard* to inform the American people that Gen. Sheridan's "origin was very humble. In early life he drove a water cart."

Some days ago the new cylinders for the steamer *Alice* were shipped to Oregon City and placed in position for service. The piston heads are just finished and will probably be sent up to-day.

While coming over to this city yesterday morning the engineer of the steamer *Vancouver* discovered a slight flaw in one of the crank pins. A new pin was made at once and took the place of the old one.

Capt. N. L. Rodgers, at one time master of the steamer *Geo. S. Wright*, returned to the city on the *Idaho* after a protracted absence. Capt. Rodgers is a son-in-law of our fellow-townsman Mr. John Nation.

A painter was engaged yesterday in giving the finishing touches to the tug *Gen. Canby*. Among other improvements the name of "*Gen. Canby*, of Oysterville," appears conspicuously on the stern of the new boat.

The attaches of the postoffice were a worn out set yesterday after the trials and tribulations of the first day and night in the new office. Everything is in working order now and less grumbling all around, is the result.

A specimen of lignite coal, recently discovered near Columbia City, was brought up on Monday evening and can be seen at the O. S. N. Co.'s dock. The ledge is well defined, being eight feet wide and of unknown extent.

The office and warerooms of the Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company have been removed to their new building, First and Yamhill streets.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

P Walch, Salem
Simon Davis, Sodaville
Jas Allen, Lewisville
J H Foster, Albany
J W White, U. S. A.
D W Dobbins, Rainier
Ben Cornelius, F Grove
E P Denison, Mich
S A Clarke, Salem
H H Kavanaugh, Ky
Rev J G Downing, C'v'lls
A R Rankin & wf, San Jose
Miss Stoffer, "
Miss N Spencer, F Grove
J G Whipple, Walla Walla
Mrs C A Whipple, Vanc'r

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Jas McGowan, Astoria
M Lewis, "
John J Burnett, San Fran
W McMiller, "
J C Powers, For Grove
G Conkley, San Fran
J C Jones, "
Geo A Harding, Or City
A Gray, Hubbard
E Scarborough & wf, Cathlamet
Chas Chlandt, Gervais
Chas W Love, Junction
Peter Gales, Salem
Geo Hill, San Fran
H S Franklin, Summit
A J Gardner & wf, Dalles
F A McElhaney, St Helens
J W Althouse, Albany
W D Hoxter, For Grove
A P Fletcher & wf, Dayton
F A Fletcher, "
Mrs Fletcher, "
Miss Fletcher, "
J Fletcher & wf, "

AMERICAN EXCHANGE.

Geo Neston, Vancouver
G Ellis, Salem
W R Reeddson, Cascades
M Heiver, Salem
Geo Hill, Cal
Jas Muckle, St Helens
G Clark & son, Salem
J Clark, "
C S Wilson, San Fran
J T Higbee, Vancouver
J Bradley, Eagle Creek
S Wagner, "
C Taylor, Dayton
S High, Corvallis
Mrs Moddellas, M'waukie
S Wilson, Iowa
Miss G Brown, Gervais
H Hagarty, Seattle
Mrs Gregorie & d, Gervais
Miss Gayanson, St Paul
Mrs Lebrunn, "
Mrs Shepherd, Astoria
J M Dabasat, Albany
G H Johnson, Salem
J Derby, Seattle
J Hawn, Salem

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

J W Duncan, U S A
A Huldkins, Salem
J W Gerhart, Astoria
Wm Baker, Bay View
H M Thatcher, Salem
S W Robertson, Epidemic
J Vandeyn, "
Mrs Jules, Corvallis
B B DeNure, Wash Co
F Tarbell, Olympia
F B Wetherber, Eagle Cliff
A D Birnie, Cathlamet
W P Whitcomb, Oystery
J Cohen, Wisconsin
Ben Kelsey, Salem
S & W Hill, McMinnville

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

J F Howe, Salem
L Ireland, Albany
G W Marshall, Seattle
G W Brunt, Vancouver
G F Bungasser, McMinnv
H Woodruff, "
D E Poose & wf, Skipanon
W M West, Scappoose
C C Denny, Salem
J Murphy, "
Dr A C Helm, Dalles
Wm Parker, "
P R Cornwall & wf, S F
P H Cox, Salem
J H Jackson, Dalles
F T Grover, "
J M Blakely & wf, Dalles
Mrs Hodgden, Eugene
C M Reed & chn, Baker C
Chas E Bingham & wf, Wis
Mrs H Reese, Walla Walla
Mrs A Baker, Salem
E J Taylor, Cloverhill
N J Kelly, Monticello
Chas J Wilson, W T
Geo Harnor, Salem
Chas R Osgood, S F
T Ronor, Walla Walla
M F Tracy, Philadelphia
F Allbright, Or City
J Hurt & boy, Missouri
Mrs Decker, "

NATIONAL HOTEL.

R L Smith, Chehalem
D Phillips, Salem
J E Smith, Happy Canyon
J B Iverson, Cedar Mill
N Omand, Scappoose
Mrs Kelly & ch, Knappton
J C Woods, Pekin
M B Jones, Lewis River
H Davis, Eugene
Edward Stewart, Hillsb.
Wm Laver, Gov Island
A Thomson, Or City
J L Moore, "
T & J Moore, Albany

REMOVED.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

PLEASURE BOATS.

I have a number of Sail and Row Boats ready at any moment to let at reasonable charges. Boats made to order.
JOHN LACHAPELLE,
Foot of Pine St.

DR. D. JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE cures promptly and thoroughly Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers. Sold everywhere.

Purge out the Morbid Humors of the Blood, by a dose or two of AYER'S PILLS, and you will have clearer heads as well as bodies.

AMUSEMENTS.

A GRAND OPENING PARTY
Will be given by
PROF. J. C. RYDER,
At his Dancing Academy,
CITY RIFLE HALL,
FIRST STREET,
On FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 1, 1875.
Dancing to Commence at 8 o'clock.

CLASSES:
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, ON MONdays and Wednesdays, at 7:30 P. M., commencing October 4, 1875.
Juveniles, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 2 P. M.
All the modern dances taught, giving pupils an easy, graceful carriage of the person.
Mr. Ryder will form a class of advanced pupils, by subscription, in case a sufficient number can be obtained for the practice of the gliding dances, commencing Tuesday evening, September 15, 1875.
Social hop every Saturday evening, at 8:30.
Reference to Dr. B. D. Dean, John Sherley, Esq., Hon. A. L. Tubbs, McCarty Bros., C. H. Ridgway, San Francisco, Cal.
Private lessons given in all the departments at the Hall, or at private residences.
Apply at the above-named Hall.

REAL ESTATE.
Whether You Wish To buy or sell Real Estate in the city or make a loan, apply to DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN,
If You Wish To sell your property, see or write DeL. & O.
If You Wish To buy a house, see DeL. & O.
If You Wish To buy or sell a building lot, see DeL. & O.
If You Wish To sell or purchase a home, apply to DeL. & O.
If You Wish To Loan money on first class securities, see DeL. & O.
If You Wish To rent or lease property, apply to DeL. & O.
If You Wish To buy a lot for $175, worth $200, near the city, apply to
DeLashmutt & Oatman,
FINANCIAL AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
s21 Portland, Oregon. 1m

MR. CH. HASSELMAN,
ARTIST,
Studio in Buchtel & Stolte's Photograph Gallery,
IS PREPARED TO EXECUTE PORTRAITS IN Oil, Crayon, Water Colors, India Ink, Miniature, etc., from the smallest size to the largest, at REDUCED RATES.
Reproductions from any kind of old and faded pictures taken in a superior style.
Lessons given in Painting, Drawing, and in every branch concerning the Artistic part of Photography.
s13d1m

PORTLAND BATHS!

JUBITZ & SALING
HAVE REMOVED FROM THE OCCIDENTAL Hotel to their New and Elegant
TONSORIAL PARLORS!
Opitz Building, 33 First Street.
First Class Work—Polite Attention—
Everything New and Inviting.

The South Portland
STEAM SAWMILL
Is now prepared to furnish
BILLS OF LUMBER
ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.
The patronage of the public is solicited.
ESTES & CARTER.

New Goods! New Goods!
JUST RECEIVED AT
MISS J. MACNAMARA'S
The Largest and Most Elegant Stock of
MILLINERY GOODS
Ever brought to Portland.
Prices lower than ever. Please call and examine.
Three good Milliners wanted immediately.

OYSTERS.

Fresh Shoalwater Bay Oysters.
FIRST OF THE SEASON!
At HENRY MARTIN'S
Central Market.
Also, Fish, Game and Poultry always on hand.

Fresh Shoalwater Bay Oysters.
To my Regular Customers and the Trade generally:
I SHALL RECEIVE THREE TIMES A WEEK A Fresh supply of the celebrated "CLARK OYSTERS," which I will warrant to be equal if not superior to any in market.
Orders left with me or sent by "Post," will meet with prompt attention. F. C. BARNES,
Stalls 18, 19, 20 and 21 Central Market.

GEM
OYSTER ROOMS!
5,000 Eastern Oysters
Fresh Lot Shoalwater Bays
NOW ON HAND.

THE OXFORD.
SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS,
(Selected expressly for us.)
IN EVERY STYLE, AT
WALLER'S, Oak Street,
EASTERN OYSTERS BY EVERY STEAMER.
Shoalwater Bay Oysters 50c per hundred.

Shoalwater Bay Oysters
SERVED DAILY AT THE
PIONEER
RESTAURANT & CHOP HOUSE,
Washington Street, bet. First and Front.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties.
Orders out of the house promptly attended to.
A. FOURNIER,
L. WILBRON.

BUSINESS CARDS.

REMOVAL.
C. M. WIBERG
Has removed his stock of
BOOTS & SHOES
To No. 105 FRONT STREET,
Next Store below Beck's Gunshop
se8dtw

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.
Where are served the justly celebrated
Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties
EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.
Shoalwater Bay Oysters 50c per hundred.

DANIEL J. MALARKEY,
Produce Commission Merchant
JOBBER IN
STAPLE GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
No. 30 First Street, near Ash, Portland.
Consignments solicited. Cash paid for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Potatoes, Dried and Green Fruits, and Dairy Produce.
Mark goods, diamond D. J. M. P. daw

HACHENEY & STEMME,
GROCERS,
COR. FIRST AND TAYLOR STREETS.
A Complete Stock of
FRESH GOODS.
Prompt Attention. Free Delivery.

J. H. FISK,
ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,
No. 29 Stark Street,
ANALYSIS OF ALL KINDS OF ORES AND Metals. Prompt attention paid to orders from all parts of the country.
Highest price paid for Gold Dust and Gold Bars.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT
GEO. MORROW & CO.,
GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
30 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco
Refer by permission to A. W. Kinney, Salem Flouring Mills, Salem, Oregon.
s12d&m

UNION FISH MARKET.
JOHN MENDENHALL. A. K. COLBURN.
MENDENHALL & COLBURN,
(Successors to Jas. Quinn,)
DEALERS IN
Fish, Game, Poultry & Oysters,
Washington St., bet. First & Second.
FULL SUPPLIES. PROMPT ATTENTION. FREE DELIVERY.
SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

First and Foremost!
New Goods! New Goods!
FOR THE FALL TRADE!
FISHEL & ROBERTS,
THE LEADING CLOTHIERS
AND
Merchant Tailors!
FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
HAVE OPENED A
LARGE, ELEGANT AND VARIED
STOCK OF NEW AND
Fashionable Clothing
FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.,
SELECTED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET.
Their Stock of Cloths is New in Patterns and Large in Variety.
Particular attention will be Paid to Custom Work as heretofore.
NO DAMAGED GOODS!
AND
PRICES RULING DOWNWARD.

Selling Out! Selling Out!
STORE TO LET & FIXTURES FOR SALE.
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF MENS', YOUTHS' and BOYS'
CLOTHING,
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, ETC.,
Must be Sold within SIXTY DAYS.
This is no Humbug. The undersigned have concluded to give up the "Clothing Store,"
CORNER FRONT AND ALDER,
And will dispose of the ENTIRE STOCK, regardless of Cost. Come early and secure bargains.
M. FRANKLIN BROS.,
Cor. Front and Alder.
Store to Let and Fixtures for Sale. Inquire on the Premises.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
J. K. GILL & CO.
75 FIRST STREET,
Are now receiving the
LARGEST STOCK
OF
BOOKS AND
STATIONERY
Ever Imported to this Market.

YOU CAN SAVE
MONEY
BY BUYING YOUR
SCHOOL
BOOKS
AND
STATIONERY
AT
McCORMICK'S
a30d1m

WINE! WINE!
Great Reduction in Prices.
BUYING DIRECT FROM THE GROWERS, I am enabled to sell White and Red Wines at 35 cents per gallon, or at $2 50 per dozen, and 25 cents per bottle.
Dealers and Consumers of Wine will find it to their advantage to call, sample and notice prices.
JESSE MOORE'S FINE BOURBON and OLD RYE WHISKIES on hand, and warranted pure.
C. A. BURCHARDT,
36 Washington street.

OFFICE OF THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 103 Third Street, Portland, May 27, 1875.
THE SINGER STILL TRIUMPHANT!

Name of Company and Machine.	No. Machines sold 1873.	No. Machines sold 1874.	Increase or Decrease
The Singer Manufacturing Co.	232,444	241,679	Increase 9,235
Wheeler & Wilson "	119,190	92,827	Decrease 26,363
Howe S. M. Co. (estimated)	134,000	108,136	" 45,864
Domestic "	40,114	22,700	" 17,414
Grover & Baker S. M. Co.	36,179	20,000	" 16,179
Weed "	21,769	20,495	" 1,274
Wilson "	21,247	17,525	" 3,722
Wilcox & Gibbs "	15,188	13,710	" 1,478
American B. H. "	14,182	13,529	" 653
Florence "	8,960	6,517	" 2,443
Victor "	7,446	6,292	" 1,154
Ætna, I. E. Braunsdorff & Co.	3,081	1,866	" 1,215

Singer SEWING MACHINES sold on Note or Monthly Installment Plan, and a liberal discount made for cash.
103 Third Street, Portland, Oregon; 118 Sutter st., San Francisco; 34 Union Square, New York.
my27dTuThur&Sat&w

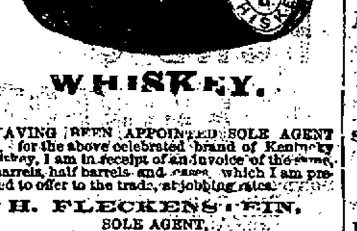
OREGON IRON WORKS ALBINA.
THE OREGON IRON WORKS ARE NOW PREPARED, AND HAVE SUPERIOR Facilities, at their NEW WORKS in ALBINA, for Manufacturing every Description of
PORTABLE, STATIONARY, HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE ENGINES AND BOILERS, HOUSE CASTINGS,
Machinery for Grist Mills and Saw Mills, Ornamental Fence Work, Iron and Brass Castings of every description.
THE REPAIRING OF BOILERS AND MACHINERY PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Have a LARGE STOCK of PATTERNS on HAND, which is Unexcelled for Variety and Quality.
FIRST CLASS WORK DONE at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. Special Attention given to STEAMBOAT and BOILER WORK.
PORTLAND, LOCK BOX 988. JOHN NATION, Superintendent.

S. SHERLOCK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Saddlery, Harness, Saddlery Hardware, Hill's Concord Single and Double Buggy Harness, &c., &c.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAM HARNESS ON HAND.
No. 01 Front Street and No. 02 First Street, Portland.
Balance of Damaged Stock will be Sold at Reduced Rates.

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.
F. FITZBOGEN, Secretary. PETER TAYLOR, President.
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS, Saw Mills, Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any imported, on hand and made to order, of any size.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroat's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
ja1 tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.,
Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.
HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates
Repairing promptly attended to. ja2dly

BLUE LICK



WHISKEY.
HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates.
H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT,
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

F. Kilsheimer's Patent

EXCELSIOR GAITER!
AGENCY AT THE
PACIFIC BOOT & SHOE HOUSE,
77 First Street, Portland, Oregon.
The superiority of the EXCELSIOR GAITER over all others is, it keeps out all dust, dirt and dampness, having no opening around the sides, being made like a boot, with an extension back, which can be folded in or outside and buckled to the comfort of the wearer; is not liable to tear in pulling on or off even if subjected to the greatest strain. Received Diploma at the Cincinnati Exposition, 1870; and highest Prize Medal at the Cincinnati Exposition, 1874

Pacific Wharf and Warehouse.
STORAGE.
THE OWNERS OF THE PACIFIC WHARF AND Warehouse, situated on the River, at the
Cor. Front and Salmon Sts., Portland, Or
announce that they are prepared to receive on Storage, in their new and capacious Warehouse, Grain, Flour and other Produce, in large or small lots.
STORAGE RATES:
25 Cents Per Ton Per Month.
Liberal Cash Advances can be had on Grain and Flour stored in the Warehouse in large quantities.
Warehouse Receipts will be given.
CHAS. HOLMAN,
For the Owners.
Portland, Oregon, Aug 15, 1875. a23d&wlm

GRAIN BAGS
WOOL BAGS!
BURLAPS!
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR SALE EX "Corn Tool," from Liverpool, in lots to suit buyers and at LOW PRICES.
Standard hand-sewed Grain Sacks, 22x36;
Wool Bags, 4 lbs. weight, 40x90,
And 40 inch Burlaps, 11 ounce.
R. C. JANION & CO.

SUGARS!
Ex Bark Jane A Falkinburg, from Honolulu.
3,000 KEGS ASSORTED GRADES OF ISLAND SUGARS,
From the following Plantations:
Kohala, Chamberlain,
Haiku, Punka,
Kolon, Hawaiian Mill,
Superior Golden.
For sale by ALLEN & LEWIS.

SADDLERY.
WELCH & MORGAN,
FRONT ST., 2d Door NORTH of Yamhill,
Manufacturers and Importers of
SADDLES,
HARNESS,
And Kerby's Genuine
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER,
ALSO—Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.
All articles warranted and sold at the lowest rates.

J. CLARK,
DEALER IN SADDLERY,
And Importer of
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
90 Front Street, near Alder.
In Store a Large Stock of
Harness, Saddles, Whips, &c.,
Of my own manufacture and late Importations.

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.
OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY
OFFICE & HACK STABLE,
S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets
Until further notice our Carriage Rates will be as follows:
Calling and Riding in City Limits, $1 00 an hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Concerts, Theaters, Balls and Parties, $1 00 a couple.
Funerals, each Hack, $1 00 an hour.
All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

E. CORBETT'S
Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,
(FIRE PROOF.)
COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.
Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.
OBSERVE PRICES IN THE HACK DEPARTMENT.
Riding, $1 00 per hour.
Calling, $1 00 first hour, 50c each additional hour.
To boats, 50 cents each passenger.
Funerals, $2 per Hack.
To and from Balls and Parties, $1 50 a couple.
Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS, promptly attended to at any hour.
People without means will be furnished Hacks free to funerals for the next thirty days.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.
JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.
UMATILLA, OREGON,
ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONsignments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large
FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,
For the Storage of Goods, and a large experience, which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.
All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.
Consignments solicited. Mark goods: Care J. R. F.
Always on hand, a full assortment of U.
Groceries, Provisions & Clothing, Mechanics, Miners & Blacksmiths' Tools,
And a Large Stock of
IRON AND STEEL,
Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

FOR TILLAMOOK!
THE SCHOONER
KATIE L. HERON,
Will commence taking Freight on FRIDAY 17th inst
Apply to
EVERDING & FARRELL, Ag'ts,
Foot of Alder st.

W. O'SHEA, Pawnbroker,
WASHINGTON STREET, BET. FIRST and Second, is prepared to advance money on Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Revolvers, Valuables, etc. Has a few first class Watches and other articles to be sold cheap. All kinds of Miscellaneous Articles Bought and Sold.

SECURE THE INVALUABLE
PIRRUNG SCRUBBING MACHINE.
Send orders to the Sole Agents, BRENNER & SON,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
First and Yamhill Streets, Portland.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

DAILY.		WEEKLY.	
One Year, by mail	$10 00	One Year, by mail	$3 00
Per month	1 00	Six Months	2 00
By carrier, per week	25c	Three	1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Renewals should be made at least two weeks before expiration of subscription.

Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 21, 1875.

Gold in New York 116⅜@¼.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 85; selling 85½.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco at par.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on New York ¾ per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on New York ½ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent. premium.

Gold Bars 750 par.

The policy of the local banks in pursuing what is termed in some quarters as an ultra conservative course, is probably proving an inconvenience to some, but there can be no doubt of its wisdom and safety as applied to the aggregate interests of the country. The season is at hand when not only the wheat crop but a very large surplus of other products are to be moved to market, and before it can be realized upon it must be transported to the commercial centers or placed on shipboard. The money to defray the expenses of this movement of the crops, must to a certain extent, be furnished here, and it were certainly better that this want be supplied and, if any interests be compelled to await an easier condition of the money market, it should be those which do not require to be subserved at any particular season of the year. Hence the capital of the country is wisely withheld from investment in outside speculations, and conserved, as far as possible, to aid the crop movement.

Marine Losses.

The *Nautical Magazine* for August, declares that "the most unsatisfactory feature in the present wreck return is the great number of missing vessels. Notwithstanding the reason we have given for the exceptional increase in the receipt of reports of this class of losses in the year, the number is truly alarming. Besides all the known and described wrecks, with their 2,100 lives lost, 150 British ships disappeared and were never heard of after leaving port. With the 150 missing ships, there are also 2,381 missing men—a good many struck off the muster roll in a year from one class of casualty only. Being missing costs the country something. No one can tell the cause of loss; but from evidences as to the loss of other ships, it is only reasonable to put them down chiefly to unseaworthy vessels, some to inevitable accident, and some to defects. Would surveys of the ships have prevented the loss? We find on reference to Lloyds' Register, the Liverpool Book and the Bureau Veritas, that nearly 60 per cent. of the finest of these missing vessels were cleared in one or more of these registries; 60 per cent. we know have been classed, and probably many of the colonial vessels were classed in local registers. It would, therefore, be idle to suppose that universal classification would be a sufficient remedy for these disasters, when more than half of the missing vessels in this, the worst year we have ever had, are known to have been surveyed and classed in one or the other of the three of the very best associations in the world. We observe, also, that considerable more than half these missing vessels sailed from foreign and colonial ports."

Wheat Market.

The local markets are but little changed in leading articles of domestic produce. Wheat is coming forward quite rapidly, but accumulates even more rapidly along the lines of transportation. The receipts by the O. S. N. Co.'s boats, from Eastern Oregon and Walla Walla, form no inconsiderable part of the volume reaching this point, while the boats on the Wallamet are bringing down as much as their capacity will allow. The receipts from the west side, by rail, are rather less than last week, while that being forwarded by the O. & C. R. R. is increasing in volume. Eleven ships for the foreign grain trade have arrived in this harvest year, only two of which have completed loading, and three or four others nearly finished, the remainder are preparing or beginning to load, with one exception, the Frank in, which, if report be true, is at Astoria seeking.

Wheat to-day is generally quoted by shippers unchanged, but one or two leading exporters give current rates at $1 65@1 70.

The Walla Walla papers report that the railroad to Wallula is now moving grain at the rate of 100 tons a day, and as soon as the disabled locomotive is repaired, will be able to double this figure. The O. S. N. Co.'s arrangements are such as to enable them to move an average of 800 tons a week, or somewhat in advance of the present receipts by railroad. The amount of wheat in Walla Walla valley is estimated at 600,000 bushels, which will be moved out as fast as transportation can be secured.

At Albany last week 80,000 bushels were received at the various warehouses up to Friday. The two leading warehouses at Salem are receiving very large amounts, some say 10,000 to 12,000 bushels per day. Similar reports come from nearly all the usual points of storage throughout this valley, and statisticians begin to raise their estimates materially of the probable surplus in the state for export.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—Flour—City brands extra, jobbing, $6 25@6 60.

Wheat—$1 85@1 95; good shipping, alongside, $2; choice milling, $2 05@2 07½; good shipping was purchased to-day at $2, delivered here or at Oakland, at option of buyer.

Barley—Feed, $1 40@1 45.

Oats—$1 65@1 95 for feed; milling lots higher.

Corn—Flat yellow, $1 40; small round yellow, $1 55.

Hay—$13@19.

Potatoes—$1 60 down; fancy brands have been sold at $1 70@1 75.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Oriflamme was detained at Astoria by fogs until Sunday morning at 8 o'clock, when she crossed the bar, bound for San Francisco.

The steamship John L. Stephens, with freight and passengers, consigned to George Weidler, agent, arrived from San Francisco at 9 o'clock this evening.

The schooner Hera, with a cargo of assorted merchandise, reached her berth this morning, and is discharging.

The ship McNear was towed into port this morning. She registers 1,309 tons, and comes in ballast to load wheat.

The American ship Florida, another of the grain fleet, has arrived at Astoria.

The Br ship Franklin, 1,124 tons, from Newcastle, is reported at Astoria. She is the eleventh vessel of the grain fleet to arrive this harvest year.

The steamship Idaho, with freight only, will sail for San Francisco to-morrow evening.

The American ship Florida will load at Astoria.

The British ship City of Amoy will drop down the river in a day or two when she will complete her wheat cargo for Europe.

The British bark Araucо hence April 17th, with a cargo of wheat arrived at Liverpool Sept. 11th.

—The British ship McNear is under charter to the Salem Flouring Mills

The bark Elektra will probably go down the river to-morrow; her intended departure to-day not being made.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—Arrived—French corvette Volta, Victoria; ship W. R. Grace, New York; Mexican brig Jacoba, Mazatlan.

Sailed—Bktn Malay, Port Townsend; schooner Alaska, Coos bay.

EXPORTS.

Per British ship City of York dispatched by Henry Hewett & Co. Sept. 20th, to Queenstown for orders: 56,105 bushels wheat, valued at $59,725.

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'cl'k, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOTTLED ALE.

JUST RECEIVED EX "CARN TUAL" FROM Liverpool; a Choice Assortment of

TENNENT'S ALE, in pints and quarts;
Do. do. BLOOD, WOLFE & CO.'s ALE STOUT, in pints and quarts;
Do. do. McEWAN'S ALE;
R. YOUNGER & CO.'S ALE,

On sale in lots to suit buyers.

ALSO.

RED CASE GIN, (S. Ryabende & Sons brand.)
Hennessy, Martell, Renault and Jules Robin & Co.'s FINE BRANDIES,

In Case or bulk—Bond or Duty paid.

Particular attention is called to our special Importation ex "Carn Tual," of

CARTE BLANCHE CHAMPAGNE!

Apply to R. C. JANION & CO.

DRIED FRUIT,

CURED BY THE PLUMMER PROCESS,

In 10 lb. and 20 lb. Boxes,

For Sale by JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., 7 First street.

The Fall and Winter Styles

IN

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS

HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED AT

MEUSSDORFFER'S

111 Front St., near Morrison.

We call especial attention to our large and well selected stock in

NUTRIA AND BEAVER HATS,

Of soft and stiff finish, and

Young Gents' Styles for the Season,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

HURD'S RAZOR BLADE

Axes and Hatchets!

An Invoice of above just received and

FOR SALE LOW.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., at

JOHN R. FOSTER'S,

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

POND'S EXTRACT

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great **Vegetable Pain Destroyer.** Has been in use over **thirty years,** and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN. No family can afford to be without **Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains,** are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains of **Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns,** etc. Arrests inflammation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discoloration and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES. It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of **ulcerations** to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS. It is the only sure cure.

KIDNEY DISEASES. It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this it is a **specific.** It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from **nose, stomach, lungs,** and elsewhere.

TOOTHACHE, Earache, Neuralgia and **Rheumatism** are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with **Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel** recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for **Swellings** of all kinds, **Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils,** simple and chronic **Diarrhœa, Catarrh** (for which it is a *specific*), **Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Musquitoes,** etc., **Chapped Hands, Face,** and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE. Removes **Soreness, Roughness** and **Smarting;** heals **Cuts, Eruptions** and **Pimples.** It *revives, invigorates* and *refreshes,* while wonderfully improving the **Complexion.**

TO FARMERS—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleedings, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, &c. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

CAUTION! Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words **Pond's Extract** blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the **only persons living** who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

HISTORY and Uses of Pond's Extract, in pamphlet form, sent free on application to **POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,** 98 Maiden Lane, New York.

Change of Insurance Agency.

Messrs. Henry Hewett & Co. have this day been appointed Agents of the Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of Cal., for Portland and vicinity.

The Company solicits a continuance of the gratifying patronage which it has enjoyed under the very able management of its retiring Agent, Edward Hall, Esq.

E. W. CARPENTER,
Special Agent,
Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of Cal.
Portland, Ogn., Sept. 13, 1875.

s16d6t

ST. CHARLES SHAVING SALOON

ISADORE GUMBERT,

(Late in American Exchange).

HAS FITTED UP IN ELEGANT STYLE, THE above Saloon. The services of Mr. WM. GEIGER, late of Cotter's, have been secured.

Old friends and the public generally are invited to call.

EDUCATIONAL.

For Business Training of Both Sexes.

NATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE.

H. N. DEFRANCE, Pres. W. L. WHITE, Sec.

GUARANTEES A THOROUGH BUSINESS Education. Day and Evening Sessions Continued.

For full particulars call at Office or send for N. B. College "Journal," sent Free to any address.

Address, DeFRANCE & WHITE, Lock Box 104.

CALIFORNIA MILITARY ACADEMY

THOROUGH PREPARATION GIVEN for STATE University or any College.

Has many advantages in point of Scenery and Health.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT ORGANIZED.

Twelfth Year begins July 28, 1875.

For particulars address D. McCLURE, Oakland, California.

jy1d3m1pw3m

Academy of Music.

PROFESSOR SEDLAK GIVES LESSONS ON the Piano, Violin, Guitar, Flute, Clarionet, Cornet, etc., and in Singing, in his new Music Hall, corner Front and Alder streets. Instrumental class meet on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, and Singing class on Wednesday and Friday evenings. Saturday is set apart for scholars residing outside the city of Portland. The Hall can be had with good music for small parties on reasonable terms.

Orders left in Aurora Restaurant will be promptly attended to. se6d1m

HALL'S Patent Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES!

GO GO JIM, IT'S A HALL, LET'S QUIT
HALL'S SAFE & LOCK CO.

Superior to Any now in Use.

THESE SAFES Are ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF

HAVE HALL'S

Patent Combination Lock,

Without Key or Keyhole.

Superior Workmanship & Elegant Finish

Old Safes taken in exchange, and several good Second hand SAFES on hand for sale cheap.

DWELLING HOUSE SAFES,

Of all sizes.

For prices, address

WM. B. WILSHIRE,

Agent Hall's Safe and Lock Company, Care KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.

(Carminative)

For Diarrhœa and Dysentery use **Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsam.** As changes of climate or water, and indiscretions in eating often produce these complaints, travelers and others should always keep a bottle of this remedy by them. It never fails to subdue the most violent attacks, and it is equally serviceable for Cramps in the Stomach or Bowels, Griping Pains, &c.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Colic use **Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsam.** It removes all soreness of the abdomen, allays the irritation and calms the action of the Stomach. It may always be relied on to give immediate relief, and besides being effectual, is a pleasant and safe remedy, easily administered to children.

For Asiatic Cholera and all Bowel Affections use promptly **Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsam.** It checks the Diarrhœa, suppresses the Cramps which generally accompany attacks of Cholera,—and conquers the disease in its incipiency. It has frequently been administered in neighborhoods where the Cholera has been raging epidemically, and it has seldom failed to give immediate and permanent relief. The Carminative has maintained its reputation as a Curative for nearly forty years, is equally effective in all latitudes, and as a Standard Household Remedy, should be kept in every family.

T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon. s20d&w2m

84 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA.

Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

This well-known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most medicines, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds prompt remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON. HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent United States.

President……HENRY FAILING.
Cashier……JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital……$1,562,500,

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES.

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

FREDK. TOWNSEND, Acting Manager.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

CLARENDON HOTEL,

ZIEBER & KNOWLES, Proprietors.

Opposite the Railroad and Steamship Offices. Street Cars pass the House every five minutes. **Free Coach to and from the House.**

CHAS. H. PERKINS, Late of Am. Ex. Hotel. O. H. KIMBALL, Late of Clarendon Hotel

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Cor. Front and Morrison Sts., Portland, O.

PERKINS & KIMBALL, Proprietors.

FREE COACH TO AND FROM THE HOUSE.

The only Brick Hotel in the city. Contains 100 Rooms.

W. H. ANDRUS. T. E. McCAFFERTY

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

ANDRUS & McCAFFERTY, Proprietors.

(Kept on the European Plan.)

Cor. First and Morrison Sts., Portland, O.

Free Coach to and from the House.

BOARDING & LODGING

Reduced to 75 Cents per Day, at

THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE.

The THOMPSON HOUSE is the cheapest House in Oregon for married or single. No Bar on the premises.

Employers in want of Help will please call, as there are always good steady men around. No charge made.

LAW CARDS.

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.

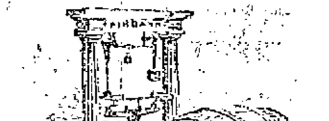
SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

HUELAT & EASTHAM,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
PORTLAND—In Odd.'s new Brick, 80 First street.
OREGON CITY—Charman's Brick, up stairs.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

FAIRBANKS'



THE STANDARD

(Buy only the Genuine)

Platform Scales!

(ON WHEELS),

400 to 5,000 Pounds.

Warehouse Scales,

(SET IN FLOOR),

1,500 to 6,000 Pounds.

WAGON SCALES,

(ALL SIZES),

6,000 to 40,000 Pounds.

HAY SCALES, GRAIN SCALES, WOOL SCALES,

FAIRBANKS' CORNOMETERS,

(Grain Testers),

WARRANTED THE STANDARD WEIGHT.

FAIRBANKS' PATENT.

For Sale by all Hardware Merchants.

BEWARE OF IMITATION!

au21d2m

CISTERNS BUILT.

IN ANY PART OF PORTLAND, AND WARranted, by J. A. WETMORE.
se10d1m Cor. Montgomery and Thirteenth sts.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY), As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7.30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:10 P.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞ Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

HON. GEO. W. CASS, RECEIVER OF

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:30 P. M
Tacoma	6 30 A. M.	Kalama	12:40 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At **Kalama** with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats to points on Columbia River.

At **Tenino** with stages for Olympia.

At **Tacoma** with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound; on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P. M. with Steamer for Victoria and **Stikine Mines.**

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE, General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER, General Ticket Agent.

Kalama, W. T., Feb. 6, 1875.

MARKETS.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Washington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Orders delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to be

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET,

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives, Sarsaparilla, Dock, Stillingia and Mandrake with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system, that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as *Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility.* With their departure health returns.

PREPARED BY

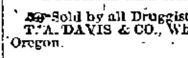
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Generally.

T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.



This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching, and dandruff; and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, says of it: "I consider it *the best preparation* for its intended purposes."

Buckingham's Dye,

FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown, or black at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color which will neither rub nor wash off.

MANUFACTURED BY

R. P. HALL, & CO., Nashua, N. H.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Generally.

T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

PIONEER WOOD YARD,

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

SORENSEN & TAYLOR,

ALL KINDS OF WOOD,

Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steamship

J. L. STEPHENS,

FRANCIS CONNOR……Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1875,

At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE AND SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES……Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For NEAH BAY, PORT TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, ORCAS ISLAND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO and NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

J. A. GARDINER……Commander

Will leave Portland Dock and Warehouse Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports

SATURDAY, SEPT. 25, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'s STEAMER

SALVADOR

Will leave ESQUIMALT for SAN FRANCISCO direct, about

FRIDAY, SEPT. 24, 1875.

For Freight or Passage apply to HENRY RHODES & CO., Agents, Victoria.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday, at 5 A.M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomockaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER SEPT. 17TH until further notice the Steamer E. N. COOKE will leave her dock, foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at Portland at 7:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, of each week.

Rates of Freight—Up and Down:

From Salem, Lincoln, and Wheatland to Portland per ton……$2 50
From Dayton, Fairfield, Champoeg and Butteville, per ton……2 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

SPECIAL BOAT.

NEW TACOMA TO THE OLD TOWN.

ON THE ARRIVAL OF THE EVENING TRAIN, the undersigned will run a boat from the Railroad Depot to the Old Town, for the accommodation of passengers.

au9d3m W. R. STILLWELL.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF Alder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

Salem Boat.

STR. OHIO will leave Pacific Dock, foot of Salmon street, for Salem Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week at 5 A.M. Returning, leave Salem on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M. Freight, $2 50 up, $3 down. Passage $1 00.

G. B. SCOTT, Master.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE:

Third street, bet. Salmon and Main.

REMOVAL.

DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets, (double house), where he can be found at any time.

PROPOSALS

For Work and Material for the State Capitol Building, at Salem, Oregon.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR PLASTERing, Carpenter work, Plumbing and Painting on the State Capitol, at the office of the Board of Commissioners for the erection of said building at Salem, Oregon, on the 16th day of October, 1875, to be opened at one o'clock, P. M., on said day.

For plans and specifications of said work, bidders are referred to the office of W. W. Piper, architect, where said plans and specifications will all be complete on or before the 1st of October next.

Plasterers to furnish all materials. Carpenters to furnish all material except flooring and glass for the windows, doors and transoms.

Plumbers and Painters to furnish all materials.

Bids will be received for the plastering, carpenter work, plumbing and painting for the whole together, and for each separately. Said bids must be accompanied by an undertaking with two or more sureties of not less than five per cent. of the amount of said bid; conditioned, that if the contract be awarded to said bidder, he will enter into bonds for the faithful performance of said contract.

The Board reserve the right to reject any and all bids that shall, in their judgment, not be accompanied with sufficient sureties, and also to reject all bids. By order of the Board.

H. STAPLETON, President.
P. L. WILLIS, Secretary. s18d&wtd

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

ALL PERSONS WILL TAKE NOTICE THAT the firm of Johnson & Spaulding was by the mutual consent of the partners dissolved on the 8th day of September, 1875. All persons owing or indebted to said firm will call at the place of business of A. H. Johnson and settle.

A. H. JOHNSON,
W. W. SPAULDING,
September 13, 1875. s14d&w1m

NOTICE

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
Portland, Ogn., 16th Aug., 1875.

MR. EDWIN RUSSELL HAVING RETIRED from the service of the Bank, Mr. Fredk. Townsend has been appointed Acting Manager.

au16tf H. HUGHES, Inspector.

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING

Saw-Smithing & Repair ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH inserted in circular saws.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Hammering, Re-Toothing, Straightening, etc.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes, also Cross-cut, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of Belting, bought at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOLDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, W. T. and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE assessment made by Ordinance No. [illegible] for the improvement of First street, in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1532, on each of the following described lots and parts of lots fronting upon that part of First street lying between the north line of Ash street and the center of [illegible] street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersection of said street with streets running at right angles thereto, is now due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and if not paid within fifteen days from [illegible] the Common Council will order [illegible] the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.
28.	1, 2,	R. Glisan……
	3, 4,	F. Opitz……
29	1, 2,	Estate of T. G[illegible]
	3,	D. F. Har[illegible]
	4,	Mrs. B. E[illegible]
41	1, 2, 3, 4,	Benj. Stark
38	1,	Ladd & Ti[illegible]
	2,	T. J. & B. [illegible]
	3, 4,	F. Dekum
16	N27½ft 1,	A. Meyer
	S62½ft 1,	
	N1⅔ft 2,	Mrs. C. Le[illegible]
	S23⅓ft N⅔ 2,	
	N11⅔ft 3 ½ 2,	S. Blum[illegible]
	S23⅓ft 3 ½ 2,	
	N20 ft 3,	H. W. Corbe[illegible]
	E94⅙ft 4, &	
	of S30 ft 3,	Mrs. J. M. [illegible]
16	W6⅚ft 4, &	
	S30ft 3,	T. J. & B
27	N ½ 8,	W. K. S[illegible]
	S ½ 8,	A. J. Watson
	5,	J. S. [illegible]
	6,	J. Myrick
	7,	Jacob Kam[illegible]
26	N ½ 8,	Block & Cah[illegible]
	S ½ 8,	Millard & Va[illegible]
	7,	J. W. Cook
	W75ft 5, 6,	Mrs. D. Del[illegible]
	E25ft 5, 6,	Savier & [illegible]
40.	8, N½ 7,	J. & H. F[illegible]
	S½ 7,	J. Failing
	N⅓ 6,	J. H. Sel[illegible]
	S⅓6, N⅓5,	B. Ste[illegible]
	S⅓5,	Estate [illegible]
39	N⅓8,	Es[illegible]
	S⅓8,	Sn[illegible]
	N⅓7,	L. [illegible]
	S⅓7,	B. G[illegible]
	W75ft 5, 6,	J. Kam[illegible]
	E25ft 5, 6,	Mrs. C. [illegible]
1	W75ft N⅓8,	A. H. J[illegible]
	E25ft N⅓8,	R. B. P[illegible]
	S⅓8,	S. M. [illegible]
	N⅓7,	J. L. P[illegible]
	S⅓7, N⅓6,	E. M[illegible]
	S⅔6,	George [illegible]
	5,	

By order of the Common [illegible]

September 15, 1875.

Ninth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE assessment made by Ord[illegible] for the improvement of Ninth [illegible] provided by Ordinance [illegible] on each of the following described l[illegible] upon that part of [illegible] Montgomery and Col[illegible] liable for a proportionate [illegible] intersection of said [illegible] right angles thereto [illegible] office of the City T[illegible] and silver coin, and [illegible] from the date here[illegible] order warrants issue[illegible]

Block.	Lot.	
239	5, 6,	A
238	7, 8,	J.
238	6,	J.
238	5,	W
269	1, 2,	B
269	3,	J.
269	4,	J.
270	1, 2, 3, 4,	Henr[illegible]
271	1, 2, 3, 4,	Henr[illegible]

By order of the Common C[illegible]

September 15, 1875.

Ordinance No. 1684.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE [illegible] and manner of improving [illegible] First street lying between A and [illegible] streets.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of part of North First street lying between [illegible] line of A street and the centre of [illegible] street, shall be completed in the manner herein [illegible] or before the fifteenth day of November [illegible]

Section 2. The surface of the [illegible] cleared of all timber, plank or other [illegible] (sidewalks of the proper width [illegible]) laid as to conform to the line of the [illegible] ened, and otherwise in good, c[illegible] If the obstructions are not rem[illegible] days after notice from the Super[illegible] they shall be removed by and [illegible] of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall [illegible] grading, laying sidewalks, [illegible] roadway and intersections, [illegible] the intersections at such p[illegible] ted.

Section 4. That portion of [illegible] by the Portland Street Railway [illegible] grade and placed in complete [illegible] land Street Railway Co., [illegible] directed to cause such work [illegible] required to make that portion [illegible] pied by them conform to the [illegible] street as herein provided for.

Section 5. The grading [illegible] way, and intersections sh[illegible] practicable to the provisions [illegible] and 7 of Ordinance No. [illegible] nance to provide for the [illegible] proving that part of G[illegible] Fourth and North Sixth s[illegible] stringer next to the railway [illegible] wide.

Section 6. The provisions [illegible] 2 of Ordinance No. 793 entitled [illegible] relation to the improvement [illegible] to the manner of laying [illegible] lumber and material [illegible] provided for by this Ordinance [illegible] covering plank for sidewalks [illegible] in length and three inches [illegible] the sidewalk on the south [illegible] such width as the Committee [illegible] Property shall determine.

Section 7. The contractor [illegible] of the work during its prog[illegible] sible for any loss or accident [illegible] lessness or neglect.

Section 8. The improvement [illegible] to the satisfaction of the C[illegible] Public Property and the S[illegible]

Section 9. The Committee [illegible] Property are hereby a[illegible] receive proposals, and [illegible] the lowest responsible [illegible] improvement specified [illegible]

Passed the Common Co[illegible]

Approved September 1[illegible] s15d5t

Montgomery Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible] mon Council of the [illegible] to improve that part of [illegible] between the east side of [illegible] ter of Thirteenth street [illegible] sidewalks and crosswalks [illegible]

W. S. C[illegible]

Sept. 20, 1875.

City Assessor's Notice.

OFFICE WITH ATKINSON & [illegible] Front and Stark streets [illegible] Workingmen I will be on hand [illegible] Saturday evenings. [illegible]

a20d1m

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

A Private Counselor to the Married or those about to marry on the [illegible] the latest discoveries in the science of [illegible] the complexion, &c. This is an interesting work [illegible] with numerous engravings, and contains valuable [illegible] for those who are married or contemplate [illegible] book that ought to be under lock and key [illegible] about the house. Sent to any one [illegible] Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. [illegible]

ENERGETIC BOOK AGENTS WANTED

A. ROMAN & CO. [illegible] want efficient canvassers to sell [illegible] ular subscription books, which [illegible] now offered to agents, and sold only [illegible] Any good canvasser, either a lady [illegible] can make from $5 to $20 a day [illegible] Constant employment and [illegible] at it. Descriptive circulars [illegible] very liberal, may be had and [illegible] addressing A. ROMAN & CO., [illegible] eral Agents, No. 11 Montgomery [illegible] cisco.

British Ship "City of Cashmere."

NEITHER CAPT. TORRANCE NOR THE UNdersigned Consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. s21d3t JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.

VOL. XV.—NO. 195.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Massachusetts Democratic Convention.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 22.—The Democratic state convention met to-day, and was called to order by Colonel Aspinwall, chairman of the state central committee, who announced that last year's candidate for attorney general, Hon. Edward A. Story, of Braintree, had been chosen permanent president, and made a speech of some length, in which he declared the Democrats, as a party, to be in favor of hard money. It was so laid down in their last national convention, however individual opinions might differ.

Governor Gaston was renominated unanimously, and General W. F. Bartlett by acclamation for lieutenant governor.

Nominations—Secretary of state, Geo. H. Monroe; treasurer and receiver, Gen. Weston Howland; attorney general, George T. Verry; auditor, J. E. Fitzgerald.

The following platform was adopted: We reiterate the declaration comprehensively made by the national conventions at Cincinnati and Baltimore in 1872, accepting the recent amendments to the federal constitution as a full, final and permanent adjustment of the political controversies incident to the late war. We demand for the Union support in the full vigor of all its constitutional powers, as the supreme authority, utterly repudiating all claims of right by any state to secede from the union or to nullify its laws, and demand for each state, as equally inviolable, the right to govern itself at its sovereign pleasure, subject only to the limitations and obligations of the federal constitution. In the interests of public morals, the nation's credit and the common welfare, we oppose any further issue by the government of currency inconvertible with gold, and we favor a speedy return to specie payments as essential to the revival of the country, and commerce, business and credit of the country, and to the welfare of the laboring masses. We arraign the Republican party for its extravagant expenditure of and profligate waste of the people's money; for its contempt of constitutional obligations; for its extortionate increase of sinecures and of salaries of our public officers; for its oppressive, unjust and defective system of taxation, finance and currency, which have degraded public and private morality, and brought upon us the present depression in the commercial and industrial interests of the country; for its centralization of power and its encouragement of monopolies and corporate corruption; for its continuance of incompetent and dishonest men in office, and for its general mismanagement of both state and federal governments. We view with alarm the increase in this commonwealth, under Republican administration, of the public debt by prodigal appropriations, for objects not demanded by public interest.

The following were elected delegates at large to the national convention: P. A. Collins, G. W. Gill, J. W. Abbott and Edward Avery, with four alternates.

Maryland Republican Convention.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.—The Republican State convention reassembled to-day, Archibald Sterling, Jr., chairman.

Westminster, from the committee of conference, submitted a report that they found the organized friends of reform consisted of an organization known as the Citizen's Reform Party, and a committee appointed by the meeting held at Masonic Temple, Baltimore, on the 7th September, known as the Merchant's Committee. After a full, frank and harmonious conference with the committees of said organizations, your committee have agreed on the selection of the following candidates for governor, attorney-general and comptroller, as a reform ticket: Governor, J. Morrison Harris; Attorney-General, S. Teakle Wallis; Comptroller, Edward Wilkins. The gentlemen named have expressed full sympathy with the movement for reform. The report was adopted and the ticket endorsed. No delegation being present from Cecil, Charles, Necomico or Worcester counties, and the committee on resolutions not being ready to report, recess was called until 2 P. M. The resolutions favor reform; oppose inflation, and favor a return to specie payment.

On reassembling the committee on resolutions reported as follows:

We, the representatives of the Republican party of the state of Maryland, in convention assembled, while adhering to those principles which that party has in the past so triumphantly vindicated before the American people, nevertheless being satisfied that it is the first and most imperative duty of every Republican to co-operate with the patriotic citizens of Maryland who have so nobly ignored party ties and party questions, and are engaged in an earnest effort to restore honest and pure government to our state, do therefore declare and resolve that we are earnestly in favor of honest and economical administration of the government, both state and national; of the fulfillment of every pledge as to the payment of our state and general obligations; of a return to specie payment at the earliest practicable moment, and a cessation of all further expansion of the currency; equal taxation of all property of whatever kind in the state; the appropriation of state money for state purposes only, and improvement and liberal support of the school system; that we deprecate the corruption existing in the administration of the state government of Maryland, and hail with joy the uprising of the people to destroy the rings and cliques that have fastened their fangs on the vitals of the state; and we do hereby pledge ourselves to expose, denounce and punish venality and corruption among public officials whenever and wherever it may be discovered; and to this end we invite the cordial co-operation of all Republicans throughout the state with those who have nominated and secured the acceptance of Morrison Harris for governor of Maryland; S. Teackle Wallis for attorney-general, and Col. Edward Wilkins as comptroller; and we heartily recommend them to our voters as men eminently suitable for their respective positions, being both honest and capable. The resolutions were unanimously adopted and the convention adjourned *sine die.*

The Liberal Republicans Indorse the Democratic Platform and Ticket.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The Liberal state convention met to-day and organized, with John Cochran as chairman. Resolutions were reported and adopted fully indorsing the Democratic platform and ticket.

Platform of the New York Liberals.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The Liberal State Convention, to-day, adopted a platform including the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we consider it self-evident that there can be no sound currency but coin, or paper convertible into coin on demand, and without a speedy return to which national disaster threatens; that the whole system of civil service needs reform; that the military authority should be subordinate to the civil; that a single presidential term is enough; that local self-government is the basis of free government, and that forcible interference with this right of states is usurpation; that social, civil and political tests, discriminating race and color, are fatal to exact justice to all men; that the original and the amendments to the federal constitution are obligatory in their text and spirit, and, in their judicial exposition, subject neither to executive caprices nor to the exigencies of personal government; that a free press is the bulwark of free men; that municipal rights should be respected, monopolies repressed, and economy in public expenditures observed; that we condemn the national administration for its illegal and oppressive acts, for its retention of corrupt men in office, for its shifting and unstable policy in the administration of the finances, for its inflation of the currency, its fraudulent pretences to the contrary notwithstanding, for its extravagant expenditures and general disregard for intelligent public opinion; that the Liberal Republicans in the state of New York do not think it necessary or useful to nominate a state ticket; they, therefore, recommend to the Liberal and Independent voters of the state to support those candidates already in nomination whose character and experience, they most approve, and who in their judgment will earnestly and efficiently co-operate with Governor Tilden in his work of administrative reform.

Vice President Wilson Declines to be Candidate for Governor of Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—The following is published:

NATICK, Sept. 22, 1875.

To Editor Boston Journal: I find in your paper this morning a dispatch from Worcester, stating that Vice President Wilson would accept the Republican nomination for governor, and consider it the greatest compliment ever paid to him. Highly as I should value such an honor, a sense of my obligation and duty to the country would not permit me to accept a nomination, were it tendered by the unanimous voice of the convention.

Insurance Convention.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Delegates to convention of insurance commissioners and superintendents continued their session to-day. Commissioner Finch, of Indiana, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That there is necessity for legislation for the protection of holders of life policies.

Mr. Finch was going on to speak in favor of the resolution, but was interrupted by a delegate raising the point of order, his point being that the resolution was not properly before the body. The commissioner was of opinion that the matter should be referred to the executive committee. The chairman decided that Mr. Finch had the floor, and he proceeded to urge the adoption of his resolution, in an address setting forth the necessity for some movement in this direction. He said that the contract for life insurance was one of the most one-sided known in business. It is framed by the best skill one side can engage, so as to give immunity to the one and hold the other with the utmost strictness. In continuance of contract the convenience, discretion and judgment of one side only is consulted. The constant effort was to restrict the policy holder in every possible way, and leave every possible escape to the company.

The chair appointed as committee on taxes, deposits and fees, Messrs. Foster, Spencer, McGill, Welch and Nye.

Commissioner Rhodes read a draft of an act to regulate the forfeiture of life insurance policies, which was referred to the committee on legislation.

Shepard Holmes, formerly of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of this city addressed the convention on the subject of the time of life insurance.

Jas. G. Batterson, President of the Travellers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, spoke of insurance frauds and fraudulent policies, while the Hon. Wm.